## User Manual



Est•N
Powering Business Worldwide

## Important Notice - Please Read

The product discussed in this literature is subject to terms and conditions outlined in Eaton Electrical Inc. selling policies. The sole source governing the rights and remedies of any purchaser of this equipment is the relevant Eaton Electrical Inc. selling policy.

NO WARRANTIES, EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, INCLUDING WARRANTIES OF FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE OR MERCHANTABILITY, OR WARRANTIES ARISING FROM COURSE OF DEALING OR USAGE OF TRADE, ARE MADE REGARDING THE INFORMATION, RECOMMENDATIONS AND DESCRIPTIONS CONTAINED HEREIN. In no event will Eaton Electrical Inc. be responsible to the purchaser or user in contract, in tort (including negligence), strict liability or otherwise for any special, indirect, incidental or consequential damage or loss whatsoever, including but not limited to damage or loss of use of equipment, plant or power system, cost of capital, loss of power, additional expenses in the use of existing power facilities, or claims against the purchaser or user by its customers resulting from the use of the information, recommendations and descriptions contained herein.

The information contained in this manual is subject to change without notice.
Cover Photo: Cutler-Hammer ${ }^{\circledR}$ SVX9000/SPX9000 AF Drives.

## Table of Contents

LIST OF FIGURES ..... iii
LIST OF TABLES ..... V
SAFETY ..... vii
Definitions and Symbols ..... vii
Hazardous High Voltage ..... vii
Warnings and Cautions ..... viii
CHAPTER 1 - OVERVIEW ..... 1-1
How to Use This Manual ..... 1-1
Receiving and Inspection ..... 1-1
Open SVX9000/SPX9000 Catalog Numbers. ..... 1-2
CHAPTER 2 - MOUNTING ..... 2-1
Space Requirements ..... 2-1
Environmental Requirements ..... 2-2
Standard Mounting Instructions ..... 2-2
CHAPTER 3 - POWER WIRING ..... 3-1
Guidelines ..... 3-1
UL Compatible Cable Selection and Installation ..... 3-2
UL Compatible Cable Selection and Installation with Breaker ..... 3-6
Installation Instructions ..... 3-8
Standard Wiring Diagrams and Terminal Locations ..... 3-11
Power and Motor Wiring Terminal Photos. ..... 3-14
Checking the Cable and Motor Insulation ..... 3-20
CHAPTER 4 - CONTROL WIRING ..... 4-1
General Information. ..... 4-1
Control Wiring Details ..... 4-3
CHAPTER 5 - MENU INFORMATION ..... 5-1
Keypad Operation ..... 5-1
Menu Navigation ..... 5-3
CHAPTER 6 - START-UP ..... 6-1
Safety Precautions ..... 6-1
Overview ..... 6-2
Sequence of Operation to Commission an Induction Motor ..... 6-3
Manual Tuning of the SVX9000/SPX9000 ..... 6-6
Closed Loop Vector Control Manual Tuning (SPX9000 Only) ..... 6-11
APPENDIX A - TECHNICAL DATA ..... A-1
General ..... A-1
Specifications ..... A-2
Power Ratings. ..... A-4
Power Loss and Switching Frequency ..... A-7
Dimensions ..... A-11
EMC Capability ..... A-27
Declaration of Conformity ..... A-27
Warranty and Liability Information ..... A-28
APPENDIX B - FAULT AND WARNING CODES ..... B-1
APPENDIX C - TROUBLESHOOTING CHARTS USING FAULT CODES ..... C-1
APPENDIX D - SPARE PARTS ..... D-1
Series Option Board Kits ..... D-1
Drive Options ..... D-4
Spare Units \& Replacement Parts for 9000X Drives ..... D-5

## List of Figures

Figure 2-1: Mounting Space Requirements ..... 2-1
Figure 3-1: Input Power and Motor Cable Stripping and Wire Lengths ..... 3-8
Figure 3-2: Wiring Plate ..... 3-9
Figure 3-3: Ground Terminal Locations ..... 3-10
Figure 3-4: Cable Protection Plate ..... 3-10
Figure 3-5: Principle Wiring Diagram of SVX9000/SPX9000 Power Unit, FR4 to FR5 and FR6 ..... 3-11
Figure 3-6: Principle Wiring Diagram of SVX9000/SPX9000 Power Unit, FR6, FR7 and FR8 ..... 3-12
Figure 3-7: Principle Wiring Diagram of SVX9000/SPX9000 Power Unit, FR9 to FR10 ..... 3-13
Figure 3-8: FR4 Power and Motor Wiring Terminals ..... 3-14
Figure 3-9: FR5 Power and Motor Wiring Terminals ..... 3-15
Figure 3-10: FR6 Power and Motor Wiring Terminals ..... 3-16
Figure 3-11: FR7 Power and Motor Wiring Terminals ..... 3-17
Figure 3-12: FR8 Power and Motor Wiring Terminals ..... 3-18
Figure 3-13: FR9 Power and Motor Wiring Terminals ..... 3-19
Figure 4-1: Option Board Slots ..... 4-1
Figure 4-2: Option Board A9 Wiring Diagram ..... 4-3
Figure 4-3: Option Board A9 Jumper Location and Settings ..... 4-5
Figure 4-4: Option Board A2 Wiring Diagram ..... 4-5
Figure 4-5: Option Board A2 Terminal Locations ..... 4-6
Figure 4-6: Positive/Negative Logic ..... 4-6
Figure 5-1: Keypad and Display ..... 5-1
Figure 5-2: Main Menu Navigation ..... 5-4
Figure 5-3: Parameter Menu Structure Example ..... 5-5
Figure 5-4: Keypad Control Menu ..... 5-6
Figure 5-5: Active Fault Display Example ..... 5-7
Figure 5-6: Sample Fault History Display ..... 5-9
Figure 5-7: System Menu Structure ..... 5-10
Figure 5-8: Expander Board Menu Structure ..... 5-18
Figure 5-9: Digital Inputs - DIN1, DIN2, DIN3 Status ..... 5-19
Figure 5-10: Digital Inputs - DIN4, DIN5, DIN6 Status ..... 5-19
Figure 5-11: Digital and Relay Outputs - DO1, RO1, RO2 Status ..... 5-19
Figure 5-12: Operate Menu Navigation ..... 5-21
Figure 6-1: Open Loop Tuning ..... 6-6
Figure 6-2: Motor Current after V/f-Curve Tuning ..... 6-8
Figure 6-3: Motor Equivalent Circuit ..... 6-9
Figure 6-4: Left: OL Speed Control Off. Right: OL Speed Control ON ..... 6-10
Figure 6-5: Closed Loop Motor Voltage ..... 6-12
Figure 6-6: Closed Loop Current Limit ..... 6-13
Figure A-1: SVX9000/SPX9000 Block Diagram ..... A-2
Figure A-2: Power Loss as Function of Switching Frequency - 3/4-3 hp 230V, $1-5 \mathrm{hp} 480 \mathrm{~V}$ ..... A-7
Figure A-3: Power Loss as Function of Switching Frequency - $5-7-1 / 2 \mathrm{hp} 230 \mathrm{~V}, 7-1 / 2-15 \mathrm{hp} 480 \mathrm{~V}$ ..... A-8
Figure A-4: Power Loss as Function of Switching Frequency - $10-15 \mathrm{hp} 230 \mathrm{~V}, 20-30 \mathrm{hp} 480 \mathrm{~V}$ ..... A-8
Figure A-5: Power Loss as Function of Switching Frequency - $20-30 \mathrm{hp} 230 \mathrm{~V}, 40-60 \mathrm{hp} 480 \mathrm{~V}$ ..... A-9

## List of Figures (Continued)

Figure A-6: Power Loss as Function of Switching Frequency -
$75-125 \mathrm{hp} 480 \mathrm{~V}$
Figure A-7: Power Loss as Function of Switching Frequency - 150 - 200 hp 480 V ..... A-10
Figure A-8: NEMA Type 1 Enclosure Dimensions ..... A-11
Figure A-9: NEMA Type 1 and 12 with Flange Kit, FR4, FR5 and FR6 Enclosure Dimensions ..... A-12
Figure A-10: NEMA Type 1 with Flange Kit, FR7 and FR8 Enclosure Dimensions ..... A-13
Figure A-11: FR9 Enclosure Dimensions ..... A-14
Figure A-12: FR9 with Flange Kit Enclosure Dimensions ..... A-15
Figure A-13: SPX9000 Dimensions, FR10 Open Chassis ..... A-16
Figure A-14: SPX9000 Dimensions, FR11 Open Chassis ..... A-17
Figure A-15: SPX9000 Dimensions, FR13 Open Chassis Inverter ..... A-18
Figure A-16: SPX9000 Dimensions, FR13 Open Chassis Converter ..... A-19
Figure A-17: SPX9000 Dimensions, FR13 Open Chassis Converter - 900/1000 hp 480V ..... A-20
Figure A-18: AC Choke (CHK0650) Dimensions ..... A-21
Figure A-19: AC Choke (CHK0520) Dimensions ..... A-22
Figure A-20: AC Choke (CHK0400) Dimensions ..... A-23
Figure A-21: AC Choke (CHK0261) Dimensions ..... A-24
Figure A-22: Control Unit Dimensions ..... A-25
Figure A-23: Control Unit with Star-Coupler Board, FR12 or FR14 Only ..... A-26
Figure C-1: F1 - Overcurrent ..... C-1
Figure C-2: F2 - Overvoltage ..... C-2
Figure C-3: F3 - Earth Fault ..... C-3
Figure C-4: F5 - Charging Switch ..... C-4
Figure C-5: F6 - Emergency Stop ..... C-5
Figure C-6: F7 - Saturation Trip ..... C-6
Figure C-7: F8 - System Fault ..... C-7
Figure C-8: F9 - Undervoltage ..... C-8
Figure C-9: F10 - Input Line Supervision ..... C-9
Figure C-10: F11 - Output Phase Supervision ..... C-10
Figure C-11: F12 - Brake Chopper Supervision ..... C-11
Figure C-12: F13 - Frequency Converter Under Temperature ..... C-12
Figure C-13: F14 - Frequency Converter Over Temperature ..... C-13
Figure C-14: F15 - Motor Stalled ..... C-14
Figure C-15: F16 - Motor Over Temperature ..... C-15
Figure C-16: F17 - Motor Under Load ..... C-16
Figure C-17: F22 - Param Fault ..... C-17
Figure C-18: F24 - Counter Fault ..... C-18
Figure C-19: F25 - Microprocessor Watchdog Fault ..... C-18
Figure C-20: F31 - IGBT Temperature (Hardware) ..... C-19
Figure C-21: F32 - Fan Cooling ..... C-20
Figure C-22: F36 - Control Unit ..... C-21
Figure C-23: F37 - Device Change (Indication Only) ..... C-21
Figure C-24: F38 - Device Added (Indication Only) ..... C-22
Figure C-25: F39 - Device Removed (Indication Only) ..... C-22
Figure C-26: F40 - Device Unknown ..... C-23
Figure C-27: F41 - IGBT Temperature ..... C-24
Figure C-28: F42 - Brake Resistor Over Temperature ..... C-25

## List of Figures (Continued)

Figure C-29: F44 - DevParChange ..... C-26
Figure C-30: F45 - DevParAdded ..... C-27
Figure C-31: F50 - Analog Input lin $<4 \mathrm{~mA}$ ..... C-28
Figure C-32: F51 - External Fault ..... C-29
Figure C-33: F52 - Keypad Communication Fault ..... C-30
Figure D-1: 9000X Series Option Boards ..... D-1
List of Tables
Table 1-1: SVX9000/SPX9000 AF Drive Catalog Numbering System ..... 1-2
Table 2-1: Space Requirements for Mounting a SVX9000/SPX9000 Drive ..... 2-1
Table 2-2: Cooling Airflow Requirements ..... 2-2
Table 3-1: Cable Spacings ..... 3-1
Table 3-2: $40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ Cable and Fuse Sizes - 230 V Ratings ..... 3-2
Table 3-3: $40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ Cable and Fuse Sizes - 480 V Ratings ..... 3-3
Table 3-4: $40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ Cable and Fuse Sizes - 575 V Ratings ..... 3-4
Table 3-5: Cable and Busbar Sizes, SPX FR10 - FR12 - 480V Ratings ..... 3-4
Table 3-6: Cable and Busbar Sizes, SPX FR13 - FR14-480V Ratings ..... 3-5
Table 3-7: Cable and Busbar Sizes, SPX FR10 - FR12 - 575V Ratings ..... 3-5
Table 3-8: Cable and Busbar Sizes, SPX FR13 - FR14-575V Ratings ..... 3-5
Table 3-9: Maximum Symmetrical Supply Current ..... 3-5
Table 3-10: Cable and Breaker © Sizes - 230V Ratings ..... 3-6
Table 3-11: Cable and Breaker © Sizes - 480V Ratings ..... 3-6
Table 3-12: Cable and Breaker ${ }^{\circ}$ Sizes - 575V Ratings ..... 3-7
Table 3-13: Power Connection Tightening Torque. ..... 3-8
Table 3-14: Power and Motor Cable Stripping Lengths ..... 3-9
Table 4-1: Tightening Torques of Terminals ..... 4-2
Table 4-2: Control Wiring Instructions ..... 4-2
Table 4-3: Option Board A9 Terminal Descriptions ..... 4-4
Table 4-4: Option Board A2 Terminal Descriptions ..... 4-6
Table 5-1: LCD Status Indicators ..... 5-1
Table 5-2: LED Status Indicators ..... 5-2
Table 5-3: Navigation Buttons ..... 5-2
Table 5-4: Fault Types ..... 5-8
Table 5-5: Fault Time Data ..... 5-8
Table 5-6: Total Counters ..... 5-15
Table 5-7: Trip Counters ..... 5-16
Table 5-8: Software Information ..... 5-16
Table 5-9: Application Information ..... 5-16
Table 5-10: Hardware Information ..... 5-17
Table 5-11: Expander Board Information ..... 5-17
Table 5-12: Monitoring Menu Items - Standard Application Example ..... 5-19
Table 5-13: Operate Menu Items - Standard Application Example ..... 5-20
Table A-1: SVX9000/SPX9000 Drive Specifications ..... A-2
Table A-2: Output Power Ratings - 230 V IH ..... A-4
Table A-3: Output Power Ratings - 480V IH ..... A-5
Table A-4: Output Power Ratings - 480V SPX FR10 - FR14 ..... A-5
Table A-5: Output Power Ratings - 575 V IH ..... A-6
Table A-6: Output Power Ratings - 575V SPX FR10 - FR14 ..... A-6
Table A-7: NEMA Type 1/Type 12 Enclosure Dimensions ..... A-11
Table A-8: FR4, FR5 and FR6 with Flange Kit Enclosure Dimensions ..... A-12
Table A-9: FR7 and FR8 with Flange Kit Enclosure Dimensions. ..... A-13

## List of Tables (Continued)

Table A-10: FR9 Enclosure Dimensions. ..... A-14
Table A-11: FR9 with Flange Kit Enclosure Dimensions ..... A-15
Table A-12: Dimensions for SPX9000, FR10 Open Chassis ..... A-16
Table A-13: Dimensions for SPX9000, FR11 Open Chassis ..... A-17
Table A-14: Dimensions for SPX9000, FR13 Open Chassis Inverter ..... A-18
Table A-15: FR13 - Number of Input Units ..... A-19
Table A-16: Dimensions for SPX9000, FR13 Open Chassis Converter ..... A-19
Table A-17: FR13 - Number of Input Units ..... A-20
Table A-18: Dimensions for SPX9000, FR13 Open Chassis Converter - 900/1000 hp 480V ..... A-20
Table B-1: Fault Codes ..... B-1
Table D-1: Option Board Kits ..... D-1
Table D-2: Control Panel Factory Options ..... D-4
Table D-3: 9000X Spare Units ..... D-5
Table D-4: Replacement Parts - 9000X Drives, 208 - 240V ..... D-5
Table D-5: Replacement Parts - FR4 - FR9 9000X Drives, 380 - 500V ..... D-7
Table D-6: Replacement Parts - FR10 - FR12 9000X Drives, 380 - 500V ..... D-9
Table D-7: Replacement Parts - FR6 - FR9 9000X Drives, 525 - 690V ..... D-11
Table D-8: Replacement Parts - FR10 - FR12 9000X Drives, 525 - 690V ..... D-13
Table D-9: Power Module Catalog Number Matrix ..... D-14
Table A-10: FR9 Enclosure Dimensions. ..... A-14

## Safety

## Definitions and Symbols

## 4 WARNING

This symbol indicates high voltage. It calls your attention to items or operations that could be dangerous to you and other persons operating this equipment. Read the message and follow the instructions carefully.

## A

This symbol is the "Safety Alert Symbol." It occurs with either of two signal words: CAUTION or WARNING, as described below.

## A WARNING

Indicates a potentially hazardous situation which, if not avoided, can result in serious injury or death.

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \hline \text { A CAUTION } \\
& \hline \text { Indicates a potentially hazardous situation which, if not avoided, } \\
& \text { can result in minor to moderate injury, or serious damage to the } \\
& \text { equipment. The situation described in the CAUTION may, if not } \\
& \text { avoided, lead to serious results. Important safety measures are } \\
& \text { described in CAUTION (as well as WARNING). }
\end{aligned}
$$

## Hazardous High Voltage

| WARNING |
| :--- |
| Motor control equipment and electronic controllers are connected |
| to hazardous line voltages. When servicing drives and electronic |
| controllers, there may be exposed components with housings or |
| protrusions at or above line potential. Extreme care should be taken |
| to protect against shock. |
| - Stand on an insulating pad and make it a habit to use only one |
| hand when checking components. |
| - Always work with another person in case an emergency occurs. |
| - Disconnect power before checking controllers or performing |
| maintenance. |
| - Be sure equipment is properly grounded. |
| - Wear safety glasses whenever working on electronic controllers |
| or rotating machinery. |

## Warnings and Cautions

Read this manual thoroughly and make sure you understand the procedures before you attempt to install, set up, or operate this Cutler-Hammer ${ }^{\circledR}$ SVX9000/SPX9000 Adjustable Frequency Drive from Eaton's electrical business.

## Warnings

| WARNING |
| :--- |
| Be sure to ground the unit following the instructions in this manual. |
| Ungrounded units may cause electric shock and/or fire. |
| WARNING |
| This equipment should be installed, adjusted, and serviced by |
| qualified electrical maintenance personnel familiar with the |
| construction and operation of this type of equipment and the |
| hazards involved. Failure to observe this precaution could result in |
| death or severe injury. |

## A WARNING

Components within the SVX9000/SPX9000 power unit are live when the drive is connected to power. Contact with this voltage is extremely dangerous and may cause death or severe injury.

## A WARNING

Line terminals (L1, L2, L3), motor terminals ( $\mathrm{U}, \mathrm{V}, \mathrm{W}$ ) and the DClink/brake resistor terminals (-/+) are live when the drive is connected to power, even if the motor is not running. Contact with this voltage is extremely dangerous and may cause death or severe injury.

| A WARNING |
| :--- |
| Even though the control I/O-terminals are isolated from line |
| voltage, the relay outputs and other I/O-terminals may have |
| dangerous voltage present even when the drive is disconnected |
| from power. Contact with this voltage is extremely dangerous and |
| may cause death or severe injury. |

## WARNING

The SVX9000/SPX9000 drive has a large capacitive leakage current during operation, which can cause enclosure parts to be above ground potential. Proper grounding, as described in this manual, is required. Failure to observe this precaution could result in death or severe injury.

| A WARNING |
| :--- |
| Before applying power to the SVX9000/SPX9000 drive, make sure |
| that the front and cable covers are closed and fastened to prevent |
| exposure to potential electrical fault conditions. Failure to observe |
| this precaution could result in death or severe injury. |


#### Abstract

A WARNING An upstream disconnect/protective device must be provided as required by the National Electric Code (NEC). Failure to follow this precaution may result in death or severe injury.


A WARNING

Before opening the SVX9000/SPX9000 drive covers:

- Disconnect all power to the SVX9000/SPX9000 drive.
- Wait a minimum of 5 (five) minutes after all the lights on the keypad are off. This allows time for the DC bus capacitors to discharge.
- A hazard voltage may still remain in the DC bus capacitors even if the power has been turned off. Confirm that the capacitors have fully discharged by measuring their voltage using a multimeter set to measure DC voltage.
Failure to follow the above precautions may cause death or severe injury.


## Cautions


#### Abstract

CAUTION Do not perform any meggar or voltage withstand tests on any part of the SVX9000/SPX9000 drive or its components. Improper testing may result in damage.

\section*{CAUTION}

Prior to any tests or measurements of the motor or the motor cable, disconnect the motor cable at the SVX9000/SPX9000 output terminals ( $\mathrm{U}, \mathrm{V}, \mathrm{W}$ ) to avoid damaging the SVX9000/SPX9000 during motor or cable testing.


## A CAUTION

Do not touch any components on the circuit boards. Static voltage discharge may damage the components.

## CAUTION

Any electrical or mechanical modification to this equipment without prior written consent of Eaton will void all warranties and may result in a safety hazard in addition and voiding of the UL listing.

## A CAUTION

Install the SVX9000/SPX9000 drive on flame-resistant material such as a steel plate to reduce the risk of fire.


#### Abstract

\section*{A CAUTION}

Install the SVX9000/SPX9000 drive on a perpendicular surface that is able to support the weight of the drive and is not subject to vibration, to lessen the risk of the drive falling and being damaged and/or causing personal injury.


## CAUTION

Prevent foreign material such as wire clippings or metal shavings from entering the drive enclosure, as this may cause arcing damage and fire.

## A CAUTION

Install the SVX9000/SPX9000 drive in a well-ventilated room that is not subject to temperature extremes, high humidity, or condensation, and avoid locations that are directly exposed to sunlight, or have high concentrations of dust, corrosive gas, explosive gas, inflammable gas, grinding fluid mist, etc. Improper installation may result in a fire hazard.

## Motor and Equipment Safety

## A CAUTION

Before starting the motor, check that the motor is mounted properly and aligned with the driven equipment. Ensure that starting the motor will not cause personal injury or damage equipment connected to the motor.

## A CAUTION

Set the maximum motor speed (frequency) in the SVX9000/ SPX9000 drive according to the requirements of the motor and the equipment connected to it. Incorrect maximum frequency settings can cause motor or equipment damage and personal injury.

## A CAUTION

Before reversing the motor rotation direction, ensure that this will not cause personal injury or equipment damage.

| CAUTION |
| :--- |
| Make sure that no power correction capacitors are connected to the |
| SVX90000/SPX9000 output or the motor terminals to prevent |
| SVX900/SPX9000 malfunction and potential damage. |

## A CAUTION

Make sure that the SVX9000/SPX9000 output terminals (U, V, W) are not connected to the utility line power as severe damage to the SVX9000/SPX9000 may occur.

## Chapter 1 - Overview

This chapter describes the purpose and contents of this manual, the receiving inspection recommendations and the Cutler-Hammer ${ }^{\circledR}$ SVX9000/SPX9000 catalog numbering system.

## How to Use This Manual

The purpose of this manual is to provide you with information necessary to install, set and customize parameters, start up, troubleshoot and maintain the Cutler-Hammer SVX9000/ SPX9000 AF Drives by Eaton's electrical business. To provide for safe installation and operation of the equipment, read the safety guidelines at the beginning of this manual and follow the procedures outlined in the following chapters before connecting power to the SVX9000/SPX9000. Keep this user manual handy and distribute to all users, technicians and maintenance personnel for reference along with the appropriate application manual.

Chapter 1 - Overview is the chapter you are reading now.
Chapter 2 - Mounting
Chapter 3 - Power Wiring
Chapter 4 - Control Wiring
Chapter 5 - Menu Information
Chapter 6 - Start-Up
Appendix A - Technical Data
Appendix $B$ - Fault and Warning Codes
Appendix C - Troubleshooting Charts
Appendix D - Spare Parts

## Receiving and Inspection

This SVX9000/SPX9000 AC drive has met a stringent series of factory quality requirements before shipment. It is possible that packaging or equipment damage may have occurred during shipment. After receiving your SVX9000/SPX9000 drive, please check for the following:

- Check to make sure that the package(s) includes the proper drive, the User Manual, and rubber conduit covers, screws, conduit plate and ground straps.
- Inspect the unit to ensure it was not damaged during shipment.
- Make sure that the part number indicated on the nameplate corresponds with the Catalog Number on your order.

If shipping damage has occurred, please contact and file a claim with the carrier involved immediately.
If the delivery does not correspond to your order, please contact your Eaton representative.
Note: Do not destroy the packing. The template printed on the protective cardboard can be used for marking the mounting points of the SVX9000/SPX9000 AF Drives on the wall or cabinet.

## Open SVX9000/SPX9000 Catalog Numbers

Table 1-1: SVX9000/SPX9000 AF Drive Catalog Numbering System


[^0]
## Chapter 2 - Mounting

The SVX9000/SPX9000 drive may be mounted side-by-side or stacked vertically, as outlined in the following section.

## Space Requirements

To ensure proper air circulation and cooling, follow the guidelines below.
Table 2-1: Space Requirements for Mounting a SVX9000/SPX9000 Drive

| Frame | Drive Type | Dimensions in Inches (mm) (1) |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | A | $\mathrm{A}_{2}$ | B | C | D |
| 4 | $230 \mathrm{~V}, 1-3 \mathrm{hp} \mathrm{L}_{\mathrm{L}}, 3 / 4-3 \mathrm{hp} \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{H}}$ $480 \mathrm{~V}, 1-5 \mathrm{hp} \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{H}}, 1-1 / 2-7-1 / 2 \mathrm{hp} \mathrm{L}_{\mathrm{L}}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 0.8 \\ & (20) \end{aligned}$ | - | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline 0.8 \\ (20) \end{array}$ | 3.9 (100) | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 2.0 \\ & (50) \end{aligned}$ |
| 5 | $230 \mathrm{~V}, 5-10 \mathrm{hp} \mathrm{L}_{\mathrm{L}}, 5-7-1 / 2 \mathrm{hp} \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{H}}$ $480 \mathrm{~V}, 7-1 / 2-15 \mathrm{hp} \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{H}}, 10-20 \mathrm{hp} \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{L}}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 1.2 \\ & (30) \end{aligned}$ | - | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 0.8 \\ & (20) \end{aligned}$ | 4.7 (120) | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 2.4 \\ & (60) \end{aligned}$ |
| 6 | $230 \mathrm{~V}, 15-20 \mathrm{hp} \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{L}}, 10-15 \mathrm{hp} \mathrm{I} \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{H}}$ $480 \mathrm{~V}, 20-30 \mathrm{hp} \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{H}}, 25-40 \mathrm{hp} \mathrm{I}$ $575 \mathrm{~V}, 2-25 \mathrm{hp} \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{H}}, 3-30 \mathrm{hp} \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{L}}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 1.2 \\ & (30) \end{aligned}$ | - | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 0.8 \\ & (20) \end{aligned}$ | 6.3 (160) | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 3.1 \\ & (80) \end{aligned}$ |
| 7 | $\begin{aligned} & 230 \mathrm{~V}, 25-40 \mathrm{hp} \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{L}}, 20-30 \mathrm{hp} \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{H}} \\ & 480 \mathrm{~V}, 40-60 \mathrm{hp} \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{H}}, 50-75 \mathrm{hp} \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{L}} \\ & 575 \mathrm{~V}, 30-40 \mathrm{hp} \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{H}}, 40-50 \mathrm{hp} \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{L}} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 3.1 \\ & (80) \end{aligned}$ | - | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 3.1 \\ & (80) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 11.8 \\ & (300) \end{aligned}$ | 3.9 (100) |
| 8 | $\begin{aligned} & 480 \mathrm{~V}, 75-125 \mathrm{hp} \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{H}}, 100-150 \mathrm{hp} \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{L}} \\ & 575 \mathrm{~V}, 50-75 \mathrm{hp} \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{H}}, 60-100 \mathrm{hp} \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{L}} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 3.1 \\ & (80) \end{aligned}$ | 5.9 (150) | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 3.1 \\ & (80) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 11.8 \\ & (300) \end{aligned}$ | 7.9 (200) |
| 9 | $\begin{aligned} & 480 \mathrm{~V}, 200-250 \mathrm{hp} \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{L}}, 150-200 \mathrm{hp} \mathrm{I} \\ & 575 \mathrm{~V}, 100-150 \mathrm{hp} \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{H}}, 150-200 \mathrm{hp} \mathrm{I} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline 2.0 \\ (50) \end{array}$ | - | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline 3.1 \\ (80) \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 15.7 \\ & (400) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 9.8(250) \\ & 13.8 \\ & (350) \end{aligned}$ |

(1) Dimensions represent the minimum clearance needed when mounting a SVX9000/SPX9000. See Figure 2-1 below.

A = clearance around the SVX9000/SPX9000.
$\mathrm{A}_{2}=$ clearance needed to change the fan without disconnecting the motor cables.
B = distance between adjacent SVX9000/SPX9000 drives or between the SVX9000/SPX9000 and an enclosure wall.
C = clearance above the SVX9000/SPX9000.
D = clearance below the SVX9000/SPX9000.
${ }^{2}$ (2) Minimum clearance below the SVX9000/SPX9000 needed to change the fan.


Figure 2-1: Mounting Space Requirements.
If several units are mounted above each other, the clearance between the drives should equal C + D (see Table 2-1 and Figure 2-1 above). In addition, the outlet air used for cooling the lower unit must be directed away from the inlet air used by the upper unit.

## Environmental Requirements

Ensure that the environment meets the requirements listed in Table A-1 of Appendix A for any storage or operating situation.

Table 2-2 specifies the minimum airflow required in the area where the drive will be mounted.
Table 2-2: Cooling Airflow Requirements

| Drive Type | Cooling Air Required |
| :---: | :---: |
| $230 \mathrm{~V}, 3 / 4-3 \mathrm{hp} \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{H}}$ $480 \mathrm{~V}, 1-5 \mathrm{hp} \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{H}}$ | $41 \mathrm{cfm}\left(70 \mathrm{~m}^{3} / \mathrm{h}\right.$ ) |
| $\begin{aligned} & 230 \mathrm{~V}, 5-7-1 / 2 \mathrm{hp} \mathrm{I} \\ & 480 \mathrm{~V}, 7-1 / 2-15 \mathrm{hp} \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{H}} \end{aligned}$ | $112 \mathrm{cfm}\left(190 \mathrm{~m}^{3} / \mathrm{h}\right)$ |
| $230 \mathrm{~V}, 10-15 \mathrm{hp} \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{H}}$ $480 \mathrm{~V}, 20-30 \mathrm{hp} \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{H}}$ $575 \mathrm{~V}, 2-25 \mathrm{hp} \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{H}}$ | $250 \mathrm{cfm}\left(425 \mathrm{~m}^{3} / \mathrm{h}\right)$ |
| $\begin{aligned} & 230 \mathrm{~V}, 20-30 \mathrm{hp} \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{H}} \\ & 480 \mathrm{~V}, 40-60 \mathrm{hp} \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{H}} \\ & 575 \mathrm{~V}, 30-40 \mathrm{hp} \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{H}} \end{aligned}$ | $250 \mathrm{cfm}\left(425 \mathrm{~m}^{3} / \mathrm{h}\right)$ |
| $\begin{aligned} & 480 \mathrm{~V}, 75-125 \mathrm{hp} \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{H}} \\ & 575 \mathrm{~V}, 60-75 \mathrm{hp} \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{H}} \end{aligned}$ | $383 \mathrm{cfm}\left(650 \mathrm{~m}^{3} / \mathrm{h}\right)$ |
| $\begin{aligned} & 480 \mathrm{~V}, 150-200 \mathrm{hp} \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{H}} \\ & 575 \mathrm{~V}, 100-150 \mathrm{hp} \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{H}} \end{aligned}$ | $765 \mathrm{cfm}\left(1300 \mathrm{~m}^{3} / \mathrm{h}\right)$ |

## Standard Mounting Instructions

1. Measure the mounting space to ensure that it allows for the minimum space surrounding the drive. Drive dimensions are in Appendix A.
2. Make sure the mounting surface is flat and strong enough to support the drive, is not flammable, and is not subject to excessive motion or vibration.
3. Ensure that the minimum airflow requirements for your drive are met at the mounting location.
4. Mark the location of the mounting holes on the mounting surface, using the template provided on the cover of the cardboard shipping package.
5. Using fasteners appropriate to your drive and mounting surface, securely attach the drive to the mounting surface using all 4 screws or bolts.

## Chapter 3 - Power Wiring

## Guidelines

To ensure proper wiring, use the following guidelines:

- Use heat-resistant copper cables only, $+75^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ or higher.
- The input line cable and line fuses must be sized in accordance with the rated input current of the unit. See Tables 3-2 through 3-8.
- Provide a ground wire with both input power and output motor leads.

The control should be installed in accordance with all applicable codes. In accordance with NEC 430 Part IV, a protective device is required in the installation of the control. This protective device can be either a fuse or circuit breaker. An RK fuse is an acceptable component. For maximum protection Eaton recommends a Class T fuse.

Input line cable and line fuses must be sized in accordance with Tables 3-2 through 3-6.

- If the motor temperature sensing is used for overload protection, the output cable size may be selected based on the motor specifications.
- If three or more shielded cables are used in parallel for the output on the larger units, every cable must have its own overload protection.
- Avoid placing the motor cables in long parallel lines with other cables.
- If the motor cables run in parallel with other cables, note the minimum distances between the motor cables and other cables given in Table 3-1 below:

Table 3-1: Cable Spacings

| Minimum Distance Between <br> Cables in Feet (m) | Cable in Feet (m) |
| :--- | :--- |
| $1(0.3)$ | $\leq 164(50)$ |
| $3.3(1.0)$ | $\leq 656(200)$ |

- The spacings of Table 3-1 also apply between the motor cables and signal cables of other systems.
- The maximum length of the motor cables is as follows:
- 1 - $2 \mathrm{hp}, 230 \mathrm{~V}$ units, 328 ft . ( 100 m )
- All other hp units, 984 ft . $(300 \mathrm{~m})$
- The motor cables should cross other cables at an angle of 90 degrees.
- If conduit is being used for wiring, use separate conduits for the input power wiring, the output power wiring, the signal wiring and the control wiring.


## UL Compatible Cable Selection and Installation

Use only copper wire with temperature rating of at least $75^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$.
Table 3-2: $40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ Cable and Fuse Sizes - 230 V Ratings

| $I_{L} \mathrm{hp}$ | Frame Size | NEC I [A] | I [A] | Fuse Quantity | Fuse [A] | Wire Size |  | Terminal Size |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | Power | Ground | Power | Ground |
| 1 | FR4 | 4.2 | 4.8 | 3 | 10 | 14 | 14 | 16-12 | 16-14 |
| 1-1/2 |  | 6 | 6.6 | 3 | 10 | 14 | 14 | 16-12 | 16-14 |
| 2 |  | 6.8 | 7.8 | 3 | 10 | 14 | 14 | 16-12 | 16-14 |
| 3 |  | 9.6 | 11 | 3 | 15 | 14 | 14 | 16-12 | 16-14 |
|  | FR5 | 15.2 | 17.5 | 3 | 20 | 12 | 12 | 16-8 | 16-8 |
| 7-1/2 |  | 22 | 25 | 3 | 30 | 10 | 10 | 16-8 | 16-8 |
| 10 |  | 28 | 31 | 3 | 40 | 8 | 8 | 16-8 | 16-8 |
| 15 | FR6 | 42 | 48 | 3 | 60 | 4 | 8 | 14-0 | 10-2 |
| 20 |  | 54 | 61 | 3 | 80 | 2 | 6 | 14-0 | 10-2 |
| 25 | FR7 | 68 | 72 | 3 | 100 | 2 | 6 | 14-0 | 10-00 |
| 30 |  | 80 | 87 | 3 | 110 | 1 | 6 | 14-0 | 10-00 |
| 40 |  | 104 | 114 | 3 | 125 | 1/0 | 4 | 14-0 | 10-00 |
| 50 | FR8 | 130 | 140 | 3 | 175 | 3/0 | 2 | 4-3/0 | 4-000 |
| 60 |  | 154 | 170 | 3 | 200 | 4/0 | 0 | 000-350 MCM | 4-000 |
| 75 |  | 192 | 205 | 3 | 250 | 300 | 2/0 | 000-350 MCM | 4-000 |
| 100 | FR9 | 248 | 261 | 3 | 300 | $2 \times 4 / 0$ | 3/0 | 2x000-350 MCM | 4-000 |

(1) UL recognized type JJS preferred but RK acceptable.

Table 3-3: $40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ Cable and Fuse Sizes - 480 V Ratings

| $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{L}} \mathrm{hp}$ | Frame Size | NEC I [A] | I [A] | Fuse ${ }^{1}$ Quantity | Fuse [A] | Wire Size |  | Terminal Size |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | Power | Ground | Power | Ground |
| 1-1/2 | FR4 | 3 | 3.3 | 3 | 10 | 14 | 14 | 16-12 | 16-14 |
| 2 |  | 3.4 | 4.3 | 3 | 10 | 14 | 14 | 16-12 | 16-14 |
| 3 |  | 4.8 | 5.6 | 3 | 10 | 14 | 14 | 16-12 | 16-14 |
| 5 |  | 7.6 | 7.6 | 3 | 10 | 14 | 14 | 16-12 | 16-14 |
| 7-1/2 |  | 11 | 12 | 3 | 15 | 12 | 14 | 16-12 | 16-14 |
| 10 | FR5 | 14 | 16 | 3 | 20 | 10 | 12 | 16-8 | 16-8 |
| 15 |  | 21 | 23 | 3 | 30 | 10 | 10 | 16-8 | 16-8 |
| 20 |  | 27 | 31 | 3 | 35 | 8 | 8 | 16-8 | 16-8 |
| 25 | FR6 | 34 | 38 | 3 | 50 | 6 | 8 | 14-0 | 10-2 |
| 30 |  | 40 | 46 | 3 | 60 | 4 | 8 | 14-0 | 10-2 |
| 40 |  | 52 | 61 | 3 | 80 | 2 | 6 | 14-0 | 10-2 |
| 50 | FR7 | 65 | 72 | 3 | 100 | 2 | 6 | 14-0 | 10-00 |
| 60 |  | 77 | 87 | 3 | 110 | 1 | 6 | 14-0 | 10-00 |
| 75 |  | 96 | 105 | 3 | 125 | 1/0 | 4 | 14-0 | 10-00 |
| 100 | FR8 | 124 | 140 | 3 | 175 | 3/0 |  | 4-3/0 | 4-000 |
| 125 |  | 156 | 170 | 3 | 200 | 4/0 | 0 | 000-350 MCM | 4-000 |
| 150 |  | 180 | 205 | 3 | 250 | 300 | 2/0 | 000-350 MCM | 4-000 |
| 200 | FR9 | 240 | 261 | 3 | 350 | 2x4/0 | 3/0 | 2x000-350 MCM | 4-000 |
| 250 |  | 302 | 300 | 3 | 400 | $2 \times 250$ | 300 | 2x000-350 MCM | 4-000 |
| 300 | FR10 | 361 | 385 | 3 | 450 | 2x250 | 300 | 600 MCM | 300 MCM |
| 350 |  | 414 | 460 | 3 | 500 | 2x300 | 300 | 600 MCM | 300 MCM |
| 400 |  | 477 | 520 | 3 | 600 | $2 \times 400$ | 350 | 600 MCM | 300 MCM |
| 500 | FR11 | 590 | 590 | 6 | 350 | 2x500 | 500 | Bus Bar | Bus Bar |
| 550 |  | NS | 650 | 6 | 400 | 4×4/0 | 500 | Bus Bar | Bus Bar |
| 600 |  | NS | 730 | 6 | 450 | $4 \times 250$ | 600 | Bus Bar | Bus Bar |
| 650 | FR12 | NS | 820 | 6 | 500 | 4x300 | 600 |  | Bus Bar |
| 700 |  | NS | 920 | 6 | 500 | $4 \times 300$ | 600 | Bus Bar | Bus Bar |
| 800 |  | NS | 1030 | 6 | 600 | $4 \times 350$ |  | Bus Bar | Bus Bar |

(1) UL recognized type JJS preferred but RK acceptable.

Table 3-4: $40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ Cable and Fuse Sizes - 575 V Ratings

| IL hp | Frame Size | NEC I [A] | I[A] | Fuse Quantity | Fuse [A] | Wire Size |  | Terminal Size |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | Power | Ground | Power | Ground |
| $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline 3 \\ 5 \\ 7-1 / 2 \\ 10 \end{array}$ | FR6 | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 3.9 \\ & 6.1 \\ & 9 \\ & 11 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline 4.5 \\ 7.5 \\ 10 \\ 13.5 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l} \hline 3 \\ 3 \\ 3 \\ 3 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l} \hline 10 \\ 10 \\ 15 \\ 20 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline 14 \\ 14 \\ 12 \\ 12 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 14 \\ & 14 \\ & 14 \\ & 12 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 14-0 \\ & 14-0 \\ & 14-0 \\ & 14-0 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 14-2 \\ & 14-2 \\ & 14-2 \\ & 14-2 \end{aligned}$ |
| $\begin{array}{\|l} \hline 15 \\ 20 \\ 25 \\ 30 \end{array}$ |  | $\begin{array}{\|l} \hline 17 \\ 22 \\ 27 \\ 32 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l} \hline 18 \\ 22 \\ 27 \\ 34 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l} \hline 3 \\ 3 \\ 3 \\ 3 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 30 \\ & 35 \\ & 40 \\ & 45 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline 10 \\ 8 \\ 8 \\ 6 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 10 \\ & 8 \\ & 8 \\ & 8 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 14-0 \\ & 14-0 \\ & 14-0 \\ & 14-0 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 14-2 \\ & 14-2 \\ & 14-2 \\ & 14-2 \end{aligned}$ |
| $\begin{array}{\|l} \hline 40 \\ 50 \end{array}$ | FR7 | $\begin{aligned} & 41 \\ & 52 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 41 \\ & 52 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 3 \\ & 3 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 50 \\ & 70 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 6 \\ & 4 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline 8 \\ 6 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 14-0 \\ & 14-0 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 10-0 \\ & 10-0 \end{aligned}$ |
| $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline 60 \\ 75 \\ 100 \\ 125 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | FR8 | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 62 \\ & 77 \\ & 99 \\ & 125 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline 62 \\ 80 \\ 100 \\ 125 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 3 \\ & 3 \\ & 3 \\ & 3 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline 80 \\ 125 \\ 150 \\ 175 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 2 \\ & 1 / 0 \\ & 2 / 0 \\ & 3 / 0 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline 6 \\ 6 \\ 6 \\ 6 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 4-000 \\ & 4-000 \\ & 4-000 \\ & 4-000 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 4-000 \\ & 4-000 \\ & 4-000 \\ & 4-000 \end{aligned}$ |
| $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline 150 \\ 200 \end{array}$ | FR9 | $\begin{aligned} & 144 \\ & 192 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline 144 \\ 208 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 3 \\ & 3 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 250 \\ & 275 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 300 \\ & 350 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1 / 0 \\ & 2 / 0 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 000 \text { - } 350 \text { MCM } \\ & 000 \text { - } 350 \text { MCM } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 4-000 \\ & 4-000 \end{aligned}$ |
| $\begin{array}{\|l} 250 \\ 300 \\ 400 \end{array}$ | FR10 | $\begin{aligned} & 242 \\ & 289 \\ & 382 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline 261 \\ 325 \\ 385 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 3 \\ & 3 \\ & 3 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 350 \\ & 400 \\ & 450 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} 2 \times 4 / 0 \\ 2 \times 250 \\ 2 \times 300 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 3 / 0 \\ & 300 \\ & 300 \end{aligned}$ | 600 MCM <br> 600 MCM <br> 600 MCM | 300 MCM <br> 300 MCM <br> 300 MCM |
| $\begin{aligned} & 450 \\ & 500 \\ & 550 \end{aligned}$ | FR11 | $\begin{aligned} & 412 \\ & 472 \\ & \text { NS } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l} 460 \\ 502 \\ 590 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 6 \\ & 6 \\ & 6 \\ & 6 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline 250 \\ 300 \\ 350 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 2 \times 300 \\ & 2 \times 350 \\ & 2 \times 500 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 300 \\ & 350 \\ & 500 \end{aligned}$ | Bus Bar Bus Bar Bus Bar | Bus Bar Bus Bar Bus Bar |
| $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline 600 \\ 700 \\ 800 \end{array}$ | FR12 | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { NS } \\ & \text { NS } \\ & \text { NS } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 650 \\ & 750 \\ & 820 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 6 \\ & 6 \\ & 6 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline 400 \\ 450 \\ 500 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l} 4 \times 4 / 0 \\ 4 \times 250 \\ 4 \times 300 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 500 \\ & 600 \\ & 600 \end{aligned}$ | Bus Bar Bus Bar Bus Bar | Bus Bar Bus Bar Bus Bar |

${ }^{(1)}$ UL recognized type JJS preferred but RK acceptable
Table 3-5: Cable and Busbar Sizes, SPX FR10 - FR12 - 480V Ratings

| hp | Frame Size | Current | Internal Power Cables Cu (per phase) | External Power Busbars |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | Cu (in Inches) | Oty. |
| 250 | FR10 | 300 | $2 \times 2 / 0$ | $1.18 \times 0.25$ | 3 |
| 300 |  | 385 | $2 \times 3 / 0$ | $1.57 \times 0.25$ | 3 |
| 350 |  | 460 | $2 \times 3 / 0$ | $1.57 \times 0.25$ | 3 |
| 400 | FR11 | 520 | $2 \times 2 \times 2 / 0$ | $1.18 \times 0.25$ | 6 |
| 500 |  | 590 | $2 \times 2 \times 2 / 0$ | $1.18 \times 0.25$ | 6 |
|  |  | 650 | $2 \times 2 \times 2 / 0$ | $1.18 \times 0.25$ | 6 |
| 600 | FR12 | 750 | $2 \times 2 \times 3 / 0$ | $1.57 \times 0.25$ | 6 |
| - |  | 820 | $2 \times 2 \times 3 / 0$ | $1.57 \times 0.25$ | 6 |
| 700 |  | 920 | $2 \times 2 \times 3 / 0$ | $1.57 \times 0.25$ | 6 |

(2) $90^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ rating recommended.

Table 3-6: Cable and Busbar Sizes, SPX FR13 - FR14 - 480V Ratings

| hp | Frame Size | Current | Internal Power Connections |  |  | Supply Busbars |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Busbar Size NFE - INU (in Inches) | Busbar Size/ Phase (Choke - NFE) (in Inches) | Cable Size/ Phase (Choke - NFE) | Cu (in Inches) | Oty. |
| 800 | FR13 | 1030 | $2.36 \times 0.39$ | $1.57 \times 0.25$ | $2 \times 300 \mathrm{MCM}$ | $1.57 \times 0.25$ | 6 |
| 900 |  | 1150 | $3.15 \times 0.39$ | $1.57 \times 0.25$ | $2 \times 250$ MCM | $1.57 \times 0.25$ | 12 |
| 1000 |  | 1300 | $3.15 \times 0.39$ | $1.57 \times 0.25$ | $2 \times 250$ MCM | $1.57 \times 0.25$ | 12 |
| 1200 | FR14 | 1600 | $2.36 \times 0.39$ | $1.57 \times 0.25$ | $2 \times 250 \mathrm{MCM}$ | $1.57 \times 0.25$ | 12 |
| 1600 |  | 1940 | $2.36 \times 0.39$ | $1.57 \times 0.25$ | $2 \times 300 \mathrm{MCM}$ | $1.57 \times 0.25$ | 12 |

(1) Rigid copper connection.

Table 3-7: Cable and Busbar Sizes, SPX FR10 - FR12 - 575V Ratings

| hp | Frame Size | Current | Internal Power Cables Cu (per phase) | External Power Busbars |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | Cu (in Inches) | Oty. |
| 200 | FR10 | 208 | 2x2/0 | $1.18 \times .25$ | 3 |
| 250 |  | 261 | $2 \times 2 / 0$ | $1.18 \times .25$ | 3 |
| 300 |  | 325 | 2x2/0 | $1.18 \times .25$ | 3 |
| 400 | FR11 | 385 | 2x3/0 | $1.57 \times .25$ | 3 |
| 450 |  | 460 | 2x3/0 | $1.57 \times .25$ | 3 |
| 500 |  | 502 | $2 \times 2 \times 2 / 0$ | $1.18 \times .25$ | 6 |
| - | FR12 | 590 | $2 \times 2 \times 2 / 0$ | $1.18 \times .25$ | 6 |
| 600 |  | 650 | $2 \times 2 \times 2 / 0$ | $1.18 \times .25$ | 6 |
| 700 |  | 750 | $21 \times 2 \times 2 / 0$ | $1.18 \times .25$ | 6 |

(2) $90^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ rating recommended.

Table 3-8: Cable and Busbar Sizes, SPX FR13 - FR14 - 575V Ratings

| hp | Frame Size | Current | Internal Power Connections |  |  | Supply Busbars |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Busbar Size NFE - INU (in Inches) | Busbar Size/ Phase ${ }^{3}$ (Choke - NFE) (in Inches) | Cable Size/ Phase <br> (Choke - NFE) | Cu (in Inches) | Oty. |
| 800 | FR13 | 820 | $2.36 \times 0.39$ | $1.57 \times .25$ | $2 \times 300 \mathrm{MCM}$ | $1.18 \times .25$ | 6 |
| 900 |  | 920 | $2.36 \times 0.39$ | $1.57 \times .25$ | $2 \times 250 \mathrm{MCM}$ | $1.18 \times .25$ | 6 |
| 1000 |  | 1030 | $2.36 \times 0.39$ | $1.57 \times .25$ | $2 \times 300 \mathrm{MCM}$ | $1.18 \times .25$ | 6 |
| 1350 | FR14 | 1300 | $3.15 \times 0.39$ | $1.57 \times .25$ | $2 \times 250 \mathrm{MCM}$ | $1.18 \times .25$ | 12 |
| 1500 |  | 1500 | $2.36 \times 0.39$ | $1.57 \times .25$ | $2 \times 250 \mathrm{MCM}$ | $1.18 \times .25$ | 12 |
| 2000 |  | 1900 | $2.36 \times 0.39$ | $1.57 \times .25$ | $2 \times 300 \mathrm{MCM}$ | $1.18 \times .25$ | 12 |

${ }^{3}$ Rigid copper connection.
Table 3-9: Maximum Symmetrical Supply Current

| Product | Voltage | Maximum RMS Symmetrical <br> Amperes on Supply Circuit |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $3 / 4-30 \mathrm{hp}$ | 230 | $100,000 \mathrm{~A}$ |
| $1-1 / 2-200 \mathrm{hp}$ | 480 | $100,000 \mathrm{~A}$ |

## UL Compatible Cable Selection and Installation with Breaker

Use only copper wire with temperature rating of at least $75^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$.
Table 3-10: Cable and Breaker ${ }^{2}$ Sizes - 230V Ratings

| hp | Frame Size | FLA | Breaker Current | Wire Size ${ }^{\text {® }}$ |  | Terminal Size |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | Power | Ground | Power | Ground |
| 1 | FR4 | 4.8 | 15 | 14 | 14 | 12-16 | 14-16 |
| 1-1/2 |  | 6.6 | 15 | 14 | 14 | 12-16 | 14-16 |
| 2 |  | 7.8 | 15 | 14 | 14 | 12-16 | 14-16 |
| 3 |  | 11 | 15 | 12 | 12 | 12-16 | 14-16 |
| $\begin{aligned} & \hline 5 \\ & 7-1 / 2 \end{aligned}$ | FR5 | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline 17.5 \\ 25 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 20 \\ & 30 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{l\|} \hline 10 \\ 8 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 10 \\ & 8 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline 8-16 \\ 8-16 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 8-16 \\ & 8-16 \end{aligned}$ |
| 10 | FR6 | 31 | 40 | 8 | 8 | 1/0-14 | 2-14 |
| 15 |  | 48 | 60 | 4 | 6 | 1/0-14 | 2-14 |
| 20 | FR7 | 61 | 80 | 2 | 6 | 1/0-14 | 2/0-10 |
| 25 |  | 72 | 100 | 2 | 6 | 1/0-14 | 2/0-10 |
| 30 |  | 87 | 100 | 1/0 | 4 | 1/0-14 | 2/0-10 |

(1) Based on a maximum environment of $104^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\left(40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$.
(2) A UL listed breaker must be used.

Table 3-11: Cable and Breaker ${ }^{\text {© }}$ Sizes -480 V Ratings

| hp | Frame Size | FLA | Breaker Current | Wire Size ${ }^{\text {® }}$ |  | Terminal Size |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | Power | Ground | Power | Ground |
| $\begin{aligned} & 1-1 / 2 \\ & 2 \\ & 3 \\ & 5 \end{aligned}$ | FR4 | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline 3.3 \\ 4.3 \\ 5.6 \\ 7.6 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 15 \\ & 15 \\ & 15 \\ & 15 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 14 \\ & 14 \\ & 14 \\ & 14 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline 14 \\ 14 \\ 14 \\ 14 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 12-16 \\ & 12-16 \\ & 12-16 \\ & 12-16 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 14-16 \\ & 14-16 \\ & 14-16 \\ & 14-16 \end{aligned}$ |
| $\begin{aligned} & \hline 7-1 / 2 \\ & 10 \\ & 15 \end{aligned}$ | FR5 | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline 12 \\ 16 \\ 23 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 20 \\ & 30 \\ & 30 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 12 \\ & 10 \\ & 8 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline 12 \\ 10 \\ 8 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 8-16 \\ & 8-16 \\ & 8-16 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 8-16 \\ & 8-16 \\ & 8-16 \end{aligned}$ |
| $\begin{aligned} & 20 \\ & 25 \\ & 30 \end{aligned}$ | FR6 | $\begin{aligned} & 31 \\ & 38 \\ & 46 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l} 40 \\ 50 \\ 60 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 8 \\ & 6 \\ & 4 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline 8 \\ 8 \\ 6 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1 / 0-14 \\ & 1 / 0-14 \\ & 1 / 0-14 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 2-14 \\ & 2-14 \\ & 2-14 \end{aligned}$ |
| $\begin{aligned} & 40 \\ & 50 \\ & 60 \end{aligned}$ | FR7 | $\begin{aligned} & 61 \\ & 72 \\ & 87 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline 80 \\ 100 \\ 100 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 2 \\ & 2 \\ & 1 / 0 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline 6 \\ 6 \\ 4 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1 / 0-14 \\ & 1 / 0-14 \\ & 1 / 0-14 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 2 / 0-10 \\ & 2 / 0-10 \\ & 2 / 0-10 \end{aligned}$ |
| $\begin{aligned} & \hline 75 \\ & 100 \\ & 125 \end{aligned}$ | FR8 | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline 105 \\ 140 \\ 170 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline 125 \\ 150 \\ 200 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 2 / 0 \\ & 4 / 0 \\ & 300 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 2 \\ & 1 / 0 \\ & 2 / 0 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 3/0-4 } \\ & 350 \mathrm{MCM}-3 / 0 \\ & 350 \mathrm{MCM}-3 / 0 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 3 / 0-4 \\ & 3 / 0-4 \\ & 3 / 0-4 \end{aligned}$ |
| $\begin{aligned} & 150 \\ & 200 \end{aligned}$ | FR9 | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline 205 \\ 261 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 250 \\ & 300 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 350 \\ & 2 \times 250 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 3 / 0 \\ & 3 / 0 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 350 \text { MCM }-2 \times 3 / 0 \\ & 350 \text { MCM }-2 \times 3 / 0 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 3 / 0-4 \\ & 3 / 0-4 \end{aligned}$ |
| $\begin{aligned} & 250 \\ & 300 \\ & 350 \end{aligned}$ | FR10 | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline 300 \\ 385 \\ 460 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l} 400 \\ 500 \\ 600 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 2 \times 250 \\ & 2 \times 300 \\ & 2 \times 400 \end{aligned}$ | 300 MCM 300 MCM 300 MCM | 600 MCM 600 MCM 600 MCM | 600 MCM 600 MCM 600 MCM |
| $\begin{aligned} & 400 \\ & 500 \\ & 550 \end{aligned}$ | FR11 | $\begin{array}{\|l} 520 \\ 590 \\ 650 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l} \hline 700 \\ 800 \\ 900 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 2 \times 500 \\ & 4 \times 4 / 0 \\ & 4 \times 250 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l} \hline 500 \\ 500 \\ 600 \end{array}$ | Bus Bar Bus Bar Bus Bar | Bus Bar Bus Bar Bus Bar |
| $\begin{aligned} & 600 \\ & 650 \\ & 700 \end{aligned}$ | FR12 | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline 750 \\ 820 \\ 920 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1000 \\ & 1000 \\ & 1200 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 4 \times 300 \\ & 4 \times 300 \\ & 4 \times 400 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 600 \\ & 600 \end{aligned}$ | Bus Bar Bus Bar Bus Bar | Bus Bar Bus Bar Bus Bar |

${ }^{3}$ Based on a maximum environment of $104^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\left(40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$.
(4) A UL listed breaker must be used.

Table 3-12: Cable and Breaker ${ }^{2}$ Sizes - 575V Ratings

| hp | Frame Size | FLA | Breaker Current | Wire Size ${ }^{\text {(1) }}$ |  | Terminal Size |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | Power | Ground | Power | Ground |
| $\begin{aligned} & \hline 2 \\ & 3 \\ & 5 \\ & 7-1 / 2 \end{aligned}$ | FR6 | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 3.3 \\ & 4.5 \\ & 7.5 \\ & 10 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 15 \\ & 15 \\ & 15 \\ & 20 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline 14 \\ 14 \\ 14 \\ 12 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 14 \\ & 14 \\ & 14 \\ & 14 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1 / 0-14 \\ & 1 / 0-14 \\ & 1 / 0-14 \\ & 1 / 0-14 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 2-14 \\ & 2-14 \\ & 2-14 \\ & 2-14 \end{aligned}$ |
| $\begin{aligned} & 10 \\ & 15 \\ & 20 \\ & 25 \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{array}{\|l} \hline 13.5 \\ 18 \\ 22 \\ 27 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 30 \\ & 30 \\ & 40 \\ & 40 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline 10 \\ 10 \\ 8 \\ 8 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 12 \\ & 10 \\ & 8 \\ & 8 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1 / 0-14 \\ & 1 / 0-14 \\ & 1 / 0-14 \\ & 1 / 0-14 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 2-14 \\ & 2-14 \\ & 2-14 \\ & 2-14 \end{aligned}$ |
| $\begin{aligned} & 30 \\ & 40 \end{aligned}$ | FR7 | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline 34 \\ 41 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 50 \\ & 60 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 6 \\ & 4 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline 8 \\ 6 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1 / 0-14 \\ & 1 / 0-14 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1 / 0-10 \\ & 1 / 0-10 \end{aligned}$ |
| $\begin{aligned} & 50 \\ & 60 \\ & 75 \\ & 100 \end{aligned}$ | FR8 | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline 52 \\ 62 \\ 80 \\ 100 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline 100 \\ 100 \\ 125 \\ 150 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 2 \\ & 1 \\ & 1 / 0 \\ & 3 / 0 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline 6 \\ 6 \\ 6 \\ 6 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 3 / 0-4 \\ & 3 / 0-4 \\ & 3 / 0-4 \\ & 3 / 0-4 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 3 / 0-4 \\ & 3 / 0-4 \\ & 3 / 0-4 \\ & 3 / 0-4 \end{aligned}$ |
| $\begin{aligned} & 125 \\ & 150 \end{aligned}$ | FR9 | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline 125 \\ 144 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 200 \\ & 250 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 4 / 0 \\ & 350 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 2 \\ & 1 / 0 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 350 \text { MCM - } 2 \times 3 / 0 \\ & 350 \text { MCM - } 2 \times 3 / 0 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 3 / 0-4 \\ & 3 / 0-4 \end{aligned}$ |
| $\begin{aligned} & 200 \\ & 250 \\ & 300 \end{aligned}$ | FR10 | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline 208 \\ 261 \\ 325 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline 300 \\ 400 \\ 500 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 2 \times 250 \\ & 2 \times 300 \\ & 2 \times 350 \end{aligned}$ | 300 MCN 300 MCM 300 MCM | 600 MCM 600 MCM 600 MCM | 600 MCM 600 MCM 600 MCM |
| $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline 400 \\ 450 \\ 500 \end{array}$ | FR11 | $\begin{aligned} & 385 \\ & 460 \\ & 502 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 500 \\ & 600 \\ & 700 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 2 \times 300 \\ & 2 \times 350 \\ & 2 \times 500 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l} \hline 300 \\ 350 \\ 500 \end{array}$ | Bus Bar Bus Bar Bus Bar | Bus Bar Bus Bar Bus Bar |
| $\begin{aligned} & 550 \\ & 600 \\ & 700 \end{aligned}$ | FR12 | $\begin{array}{\|l\|l} 590 \\ 650 \\ 750 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline 800 \\ 900 \\ 1000 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline 4 \times 4 / 0 \\ 4 \times 250 \\ 4 \times 300 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline 500 \\ 600 \\ 600 \end{array}$ | Bus Bar Bus Bar Bus Bar | Bus Bar Bus Bar Bus Bar |

(1) Based on a maximum environment of $104^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\left(40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$.
(2) A UL listed breaker must be used.

Note: The current interrupting of the breaker, up to 100 kAIC, will determine the overall current rating of the combination.

Table 3-13: Power Connection Tightening Torque

| Rating | Frame Size | Tightening Torque (in-lbs) | Tightening Torque (Nm) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\begin{aligned} & 230 \mathrm{~V}, 3 / 4-3 \mathrm{hp} \\ & 480 \mathrm{~V}, 1-5 \mathrm{hp} \end{aligned}$ | FR4 | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline 5 \\ 5 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0.6 \\ & 0.6 \end{aligned}$ |
| $\begin{aligned} & 230 \mathrm{~V}, 5-7-1 / 2 \mathrm{hp} \\ & 480 \mathrm{~V}, 7-1 / 2-15 \mathrm{hp} \end{aligned}$ | FR5 | $\begin{aligned} & 13 \\ & 13 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1.5 \\ & 1.5 \end{aligned}$ |
| $230 \mathrm{~V}, 10-15 \mathrm{hp}$ $480 \mathrm{~V}, 20-30 \mathrm{hp}$ $575 \mathrm{~V}, 2-25 \mathrm{hp}$ | FR6 | $\begin{aligned} & 35 \\ & 35 \\ & 35 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline 4 \\ 4 \\ 4 \end{array}$ |
| 230V, $20-30 \mathrm{hp}$ $480 \mathrm{~V}, 40-60 \mathrm{hp}$ $575 \mathrm{~V}, 30-40 \mathrm{hp}$ | FR7 | $\begin{aligned} & 85 \\ & 85 \\ & 85 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l} \hline 10 \\ 10 \\ 10 \end{array}$ |
| $\begin{aligned} & \hline 480 \mathrm{~V}, 75-125 \mathrm{hp} \\ & 575 \mathrm{~V}, 50-75 \mathrm{hp} \end{aligned}$ | FR8 | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 340 / 187 \text { (1) } \\ & 340 / 187 \text { © } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 40 / 22 \text { ® } \\ & 40 / 22 \text { ® } \end{aligned}$ |
| $\begin{aligned} & 480 \mathrm{~V}, 150-200 \mathrm{hp} \\ & 575 \mathrm{~V}, 100-175 \mathrm{hp} \end{aligned}$ | FR9 | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 340 / 187 \text { © } \\ & 340 / 187 \text { © } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline 40 / 22 \text { © } \\ 40 / 22 \end{array}$ |

(1) The isolation standoff of the bus bar will not withstand the listed tightening torque. Use a wrench to apply a counter torque when tightening.

## Installation Instructions

1. Strip the motor and input power cables as shown in Figure 3-1 and Table 3-14.


Figure 3-1: Input Power and Motor Cable Stripping and Wire Lengths

## Cable Stripping Lengths for Power and Motor Cables

Table 3-14: Power and Motor Cable Stripping Lengths

| Product |  | Frame Size | Power Wiring in Inches (mm) |  |  |  | Motor Wiring in Inches (mm) |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| hp | Voltage |  | A1 | B1 | C1 | D1 | A2 | B2 | C2 | D2 |
| $\begin{aligned} & 3 / 4-3 \\ & 1-5 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 230 \mathrm{~V} \\ & 480 \mathrm{~V} \end{aligned}$ | FR4 | $\begin{aligned} & 0.59 \\ & (15) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 1.38 \\ & (35) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l} \hline 0.39 \\ (10) \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 0.79 \\ & (20) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l} \hline 0.28 \\ (7) \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline 1.97 \\ (50) \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0.28 \\ & \hline(7) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline 1.38 \\ (35) \end{array}$ |
| $\begin{aligned} & \hline 5-7-1 / 2 \\ & 7-1 / 2-15 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 230 \mathrm{~V} \\ & 480 \mathrm{~V} \end{aligned}$ | FR5 | $\begin{aligned} & 0.79 \\ & (20) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 1.57 \\ & (40) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline 0.39 \\ (10) \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 1.18 \\ & (30) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 0.79 \\ & (20) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline 2.36 \\ (60) \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l} \hline 0.39 \\ (10) \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline 1.57 \\ (40) \end{array}$ |
| $\begin{array}{\|l} 10-15 \\ 20-30 \\ 2-25 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 230 \mathrm{~V} \\ & 480 \mathrm{~V} \\ & 575 \mathrm{~V} \end{aligned}$ | FR6 | $\begin{aligned} & 0.79 \\ & (20) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 3.54 \\ & (90) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0.59 \\ & (15) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 2.36 \\ & (60) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 0.79 \\ & (20) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 3.54 \\ & (90) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0.59 \\ & (15) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l} \hline 2.36 \\ (60) \end{array}$ |
| $\begin{aligned} & 20-30 \\ & 40-60 \\ & 30-40 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 230 \mathrm{~V} \\ & 480 \mathrm{~V} \\ & 575 \mathrm{~V} \end{aligned}$ | FR7 | $\begin{array}{\|l} 0.98 \\ (25) \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 4.72 \\ & (120) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0.98 \\ & (25) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 4.72 \\ & (120) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0.98 \\ & (25) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 4.72 \\ & (120) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0.98 \\ & (25) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 4.72 \\ & (120) \end{aligned}$ |
| $\begin{array}{\|l} 75-125 \\ 50-75 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 480 \mathrm{~V} \\ & 575 \mathrm{~V} \end{aligned}$ | FR8 | $\begin{array}{\|l} \hline 1.10 \\ (28) \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 9.45 \\ & (240) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline 1.10 \\ (28) \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 9.45 \\ & (240) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 1.10 \\ & (28) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 9.45 \\ & (240) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline 1.10 \\ (28) \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 9.45 \\ & (240) \end{aligned}$ |
| $\begin{aligned} & \hline 150-200 \\ & 100-300 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 480 \mathrm{~V} \\ & 575 \mathrm{~V} \end{aligned}$ | FR9 | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 1.10 \\ & (28) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 11.61 \\ & (295) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline 1.10 \\ (28) \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 11.61 \\ & (295) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 1.10 \\ & (28) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 11.61 \\ & (295) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline 1.10 \\ (28) \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 11.61 \\ & (295) \end{aligned}$ |

2. Locate the plastic bag containing the wiring plate.


Figure 3-2: Wiring Plate
3. If conduit is being used, attach the wiring plate to drive then conduit.
4. Pass the motor and input power wires/cables through the holes of the wiring plate.
5. Connect the input power and motor and control wires to their respective terminals according to the wiring diagrams in the section marked "Standard Wiring Diagrams and Terminal Locations" on Page 3-11.
6. If an optional external brake resistor is used, connect its cable to the appropriate terminals. See "Standard Wiring Diagrams and Terminal Locations."
7. If shielded cable is used, connect the shields of the input line power cable and the motor cable to the ground terminals of the SVX9000/SPX9000 drive, the motor and the line power supply.


Figure 3-3: Ground Terminal Locations
8. If shielded cable is not used, check the connection of the ground cable to the motor, the SVX9000/SPX9000 drive and the input line power terminals marked with
9. Attach the wiring plate with the screws provided. Ensure that no wires are trapped between the frame and the wiring plate.
10. Insert the rubber grommets supplied into the wiring plate holes that have not been used, as illustrated in Figure 3-4.


Figure 3-4: Cable Protection Plate

## Standard Wiring Diagrams and Terminal Locations

The following wiring diagrams show the line and motor connections of the frequency converter.


Figure 3-5: Principle Wiring Diagram of SVX9000/SPX9000 Power Unit, FR4 to FR5 and FR6

Note: When using a 1-phase supply, for units rated for such, connect the input power to terminals L1 and L2. Consult Eaton for more information.


Figure 3-6: Principle Wiring Diagram of SVX9000/SPX9000 Power Unit, FR6, FR7 and FR8

Note: When using a 1-phase supply, for units rated for such, connect the input power to terminals L1 and L2. Consult Eaton for more information.


Figure 3-7: Principle Wiring Diagram of SVX9000/SPX9000 Power Unit, FR9 to FR10
The dotted lines refer to components present in FR9 but not in FR10.
Note: When using a 1-phase supply, for units rated for such, connect the input power to terminals L1 and L2. Consult Eaton for more information.

## Power and Motor Wiring Terminal Photos



Figure 3-8: FR4 Power and Motor Wiring Terminals

230V, 5 - 7-1/2 hp
480V, 7-1/2-15 hp
Frame Size: FR5


Figure 3-9: FR5 Power and Motor Wiring Terminals


Figure 3-10: FR6 Power and Motor Wiring Terminals


Figure 3-11: FR7 Power and Motor Wiring Terminals


Figure 3-12: FR8 Power and Motor Wiring Terminals

June 2009


Figure 3-13: FR9 Power and Motor Wiring Terminals

## Checking the Cable and Motor Insulation

1. Check the motor cable insulation as follows:

- Disconnect the motor cable from terminals U, V and W of the SVX9000/SPX9000 and from the motor.
- Measure the insulation resistance of the motor cable between each phase conductor as well as between each phase conductor and the protective ground conductor.
- The insulation resistance must be $>1 \mathrm{M} \Omega$.

2. Check the input power cable insulation as follows:

- Disconnect the input power cable from terminals L1, L2 and L3 of the SVX9000/ SPX9000 and from the utility line feeder.
- Measure the insulation resistance of the input power cable between each phase conductor as well as between each phase conductor and the protective ground conductor.
- The insulation resistance must be $>1 \mathrm{M} \Omega$.

3. Check the motor insulation as follows:

- Disconnect the motor cable from the motor and open any bridging connections in the motor connection box.
- Measure the insulation resistance of each motor winding. The measurement voltage must equal at least the motor nominal voltage but not exceed 1000 V .
- The insulation resistance must be $>1 \mathrm{M} \Omega$.


## Chapter 4 - Control Wiring

## General Information

The control unit of the SVX9000/SPX9000 consists of the control board and various option boards that plug into the five slot connectors ( A to E ) of the control board.
Galvanic isolation of the control terminals is provided as follows:

- The control connections are isolated from power, and the GND terminals are permanently connected to ground.
- The digital inputs are galvanically isolated from the I/O ground.
- The relay outputs are double-isolated from each other at 300 V AC.


## Option Board General Information

The SVX9000/SPX9000 series drives can accommodate a wide selection of expander and adapter option boards to customize the drive for your application needs.

The drive's control unit is designed to accept a total of five option boards. Option boards are available for normal analog and digital inputs and outputs, communication and additional application-specific hardware.

The SVX9000/SPX9000 factory installed standard option board configuration includes an A9 I/O board and an A2 relay output board, which are installed in slots A and B. For information on additional option boards, see the 9000X Series Drives Option Board User Manual.


Figure 4-1: Option Board Slots

## Control Wiring Guidelines

Wire the control terminals using the following guidelines:

- The control wires shall be at least AWG $20\left(0.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}\right)$ shielded cables.
- The maximum wire size is AWG $14\left(2.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}\right)$ for the relay terminals and AWG 16 ( $1.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ ) for all other terminals.
- The tightening torques for the option board terminals are listed in Table 4-1.

Table 4-1: Tightening Torques of Terminals

| Terminal Screw | Tightening Torque |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | in-Ibs | $\mathbf{N m}$ |
| Relay and thermistor terminals <br> (M3 screw) | 4.5 | 0.5 |
| Other terminals (M2.6 screw) | 2.2 | 0.25 |

## Control Wiring Instructions

Table 4-2: Control Wiring Instructions

1. Unlock the bottom cover by turning
the locking screw 90 degrees
counterclockwise.

Table 4-2: Control Wiring Instructions (Continued)
3. Wire the control terminals following the details for the specific option boards shown on the following pages.

Note: Note for ease of access, the option board terminal blocks can be unplugged for wiring.


## Control Wiring Details

## Wiring Option Board A9



Figure 4-2: Option Board A9 Wiring Diagram

Table 4-3: Option Board A9 Terminal Descriptions

| Terminal |  | Signal | Description and Parameter Reference |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | $+10 \mathrm{~V}_{\text {ref }}$ | Reference voltage | Maximum current 10 mA |
| 2 | Al1+ | Analog input, voltage | Default: $0-+10 \mathrm{~V}\left(\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{i}}=200 \mathrm{k} \Omega\right)$ |
| 3 | GND | Analog input common | -10 V to +10 V (joystick control) $0-20 \mathrm{~mA}\left(\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{i}}=250 \Omega\right)$ <br> Select $V$ or $m A$ with jumper block $X 1$ (Figure 4-3) Differential input if not connected to ground; allows $\pm 20 \mathrm{~V}$ differential mode voltage to GND |
| 4 | Al2+ | Analog input | Default: $0-20 \mathrm{~mA}\left(\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{i}}=250 \Omega\right)$ |
| 5 | GND/AI2- | Analog input common | $0-+10 \mathrm{~V}\left(\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{i}}=200 \mathrm{k} \Omega\right)$ <br> -10 V to +10 V (joystick control) <br> Select V or mA with jumper block X2 <br> (Figure 4-3) <br> Differential input if not connected to ground; allows $\pm 20 \mathrm{~V}$ differential mode voltage to GND |
| 6 | $24 \mathrm{~V}_{\text {out }}$ | 24 V control voltage (bi-directional) | $\pm 15 \%, 250 \mathrm{~mA}$ (all boards total); 150 mA (max. current from single board); Can be used as external power backup for the control (and fieldbus); Galvanically connected to terminal \#12 |
| 7 | GND | I/O ground | Ground for reference and controls; Galvanically connected to terminals \#13, 19 |
| 8 | DIA1 | Digital input 1 | $\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{i}}=\min .5 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ |
| 9 | DIA2 | Digital input 2 |  |
| 10 | DIA3 | Digital input 3 |  |
| 11 | CMA | Digital input common A for DIN1, DIN2 and DIN3 | Must be connected to GND or 24 V of I/O terminal or to external 24 V or GND. Selection with jumper block X3. (Figure 4-3) |
| 12 | $24 \mathrm{~V}_{\text {out }}$ | 24 V control voltage (bi-directional) | Same as terminal \#6; Galvanically connected to terminal \#6 |
| 13 | GND | I/O ground | Same as terminal \#7; Galvanically connected to terminals \#7 \& 19 |
| 14 | DIB4 | Digital input 4 | $\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{i}}=\min .5 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ |
| 15 | DIB5 | Digital input 5 |  |
| 16 | DIB6 | Digital input 6 |  |
| 17 | CMB | Digital input common B for DIN4, DIN5 and DIN6 | Must be connected to GND or 24 V of I/O terminal or to external 24 V or GND. Select with jumper block X3. (Figure 4-3) |
| 18 | A01+ | Analog signal (+output) | Output signal range: $0-10 \mathrm{~V}$ default <br> Current: 0(4) - 20 mA, RL max $500 \Omega$ or <br> Voltage: 0 - 10V, RL >1 k $\Omega$ <br> Selection with jumper block X6. (Figure 4-3) |
| 19 | A01- | Analog output common | Maximum $\mathrm{V}_{\text {in }}=48 \mathrm{~V}$ DC; Galvanically connected to terminals \#7, 13 |
| 20 | DO1 | Digital output1 | Open collector, Maximum current $=50 \mathrm{~mA}$ |



Figure 4-3: Option Board A9 Jumper Location and Settings

## Wiring Option Board A2



Figure 4-4: Option Board A2 Wiring Diagram

Table 4-4: Option Board A2 Terminal Descriptions

| Terminal |  | Signal | Technical Information |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 21 | RO1/1 | Normally Closed (NC) | Switching Capacity: <br> 24V DC / 8A <br> 250V AC / 8A <br> 125V DC / 0.4A <br> Min Switching Load: 5V/10 mA <br> Continuous Capacity: <2 Arms |
| 22 | RO1/2 | Common |  |
| 23 | RO1/3 | Normally Open (NO) |  |
| 24 | RO2/1 | Normally Closed (NC) | Switching Capacity: |
| 25 | RO2/2 | Common | $\begin{aligned} & 24 \mathrm{~V} \text { DC / 8A } \\ & 250 \mathrm{~V} \text { AC / } 8 \mathrm{~A} \end{aligned}$ |
| 26 | RO2/3 | Normally Open (NO) | 125V DC / 0.4A <br> Min Switching Load: 5V/10 mA <br> Continuous Capacity: <2 Arms |



Figure 4-5: Option Board A2 Terminal Locations

## Inverting the Digital Input Signal

The active signal level depends on which potential the common inputs CMA and CMB (terminals 11 and 17) are connected to. The alternatives are either +24 V or ground ( 0 V ). See Figure 4-6.
The 24 V control voltage and the ground for the digital inputs and the common inputs (CMA, CMB) can be sourced from either the internal 24 V supply or an external supply.


Figure 4-6: Positive/Negative Logic
(1) Positive logic $(+24 \mathrm{~V}$ is the active signal) $=$ the input is active when the switch is closed.
${ }^{2}$ 2 Negative logic ( 0 V is the active signal) = the input is active when the switch is closed.

## Chapter 5 - Menu Information

## Keypad Operation



Figure 5-1: Keypad and Display
Table 5-1: LCD Status Indicators

| Indicator | Description |
| :---: | :--- |
| RUN | Run <br> Indicates that the SVX9000/SPX9000 is running and controlling the load. <br> Blinks when a stop command has been given but the SVX9000/SPX9000 is <br> still ramping down. |
| R | Counterclockwise Operation <br> The output phase rotation is BAC, corresponding to counterclockwise <br> rotation of most motors. |
| STOP | Clockwise Operation <br> The output phase rotation is ABC, corresponding to clockwise rotation of <br> most motors. |
| READY | Stop <br> Indicates that the SVX9000/SPX9000 is stopped and not controlling the load. |
| ALARM | Ready <br> Indicates that the SVX9000/SPX9000 is ready to be started. |
| FAULT | Alarm <br> Indicates that there is one or more active drive alarm(s). |
| VaultIndicates that there is one or more active drive fault(s). |  |
| Keypad | I/O Terminal <br> Indicates that the I/O terminals have been chosen for control. |
| Bus/oomm | Keypad <br> Indicates that the keypad has been chosen for control. |
| Bus/Communications <br> Indicates that the communications bus control has been chosen for control. |  |

Table 5-2: LED Status Indicators

| Indicator | Description |
| :--- | :--- |
| local | Local - Steady Illumination <br> Indicates that the SVX9000/SPX9000 is ready to be started and operated from <br> the Local mode. <br> Local - Flashing <br> Indicates that the SVX9000/SPX9000 is ready for operating command to <br> select Local or Remote operation. |
| remote | Remote <br> Indicates that the SVX9000/SPX9000 is operating and controlling the load <br> remotely. |
| fault | Fault <br> Indicates that there is one or more active drive fault(s). |

Table 5-3: Navigation Buttons

| Button | Description |
| :--- | :--- |
|  | Start <br> This button operates as the START button for normal operation when the <br> "Keypad" is selected as the active control. |
| STAR | Enter button is used in the parameter edit mode to save the parameter setting <br> and move to the next parameter ... <br> - to reset the Fault History if pressed while in the "Fault History" menu. <br> - to confirm the acceptance of a change. <br> - to change a virtual button status while in the "Button" menu. <br> - to confirm the start-up list at the end of the Start-Up Wizard. <br> - when the "Operate" menu is active, to exit the "Operate" submenu. | | Stop |
| :--- |
| This button has two integrated operations. The button operates as STOP |
| button during normal operation ... |
| - motor STOP from the keypad, which is always active unless disabled by |
| the "StopButtonActive" parameter. |
| - used to reset the active faults. |

Table 5-3: Navigation Buttons (Continued)

| Button | Description |
| :--- | :--- |
|  | Left Arrow <br> - navigation button, movement to left. <br> - in parameter edit mode, exits mode, backs up one step. <br> - cancels edited parameter (exit from a parameter edit mode). <br> - When in "Operate" menu will move backward through menu. <br> - At end of "Start-Up Wizard", repeats the "Start-Up Wizard" setup menu. | | Right Arrow |
| :--- |
| - navigation button, movement to right. |
| - enter parameter group mode. |
| - enter parameter mode from group mode. |
| - When in "Operate" menu will move forward through menu. |

## Menu Navigation

## Navigation Tips

- To navigate within one level of a menu, use the up and down arrows.
- To move deeper into the menu structure and back out, use the right and left arrows.
- To edit a parameter, navigate to show that parameter's value, and press the right arrow button to enter the edit mode. In edit mode, the parameter value will flash.
- When in edit mode, the parameter value can be changed by pressing the up or down arrow keys.
- When in edit mode, pressing the right arrow a second time will allow you to edit the parameter value digit by digit.
- To confirm the parameter change you must press the ENTER button. The value will not change unless the ENTER button is pushed.
- Some parameters can not be changed while the SVX9000/SPX9000 is running. The screen will display LOCKED if you attempt to edit these parameters while the drive is running. Stop the drive to edit these parameters. See the appropriate application manual for identification of these parameters specific to your chosen application.


## Main Menu

The data on the control keypad are arranged in menus and submenus. The first menu level consists of M1 to M8 and is called the Main Menu. The structure of these menus and their submenus is illustrated in Figure 5-2. Some of the submenus will vary for each application choice.


Figure 5-2: Main Menu Navigation

[^1]
## Parameter Menu (M1)

The Parameter Menu is a single or multi-level menu dependent upon the application in use, arranged by the parameter group items. Figure 5-3 illustrates this for the Standard application. Parameters and parameter groups are explained in further detail in the appropriate application manual.


Figure 5-3: Parameter Menu Structure Example

## Keypad Control Menu (M2)

In the Keypad Control Menu, you can set the frequency reference, choose the motor direction for keypad operation, and determine if the STOP button will be active at all times. See Figure 5-4.


Figure 5-4: Keypad Control Menu

R2.1 Range: Min. Frequency - Max. Frequency
Keypad Units: Hertz
Reference KEYpRO REFEREMEE
This displays and allows the operator to edit the keypad frequency reference. A change takes place immediately. This reference value will not influence the output frequency unless the keypad has been selected as the active control place.

P2.2 Range: Forward, Reverse Default: Forward
KEYPRO DIRECTIOM
Direction This allows the operator to change the rotation direction of the motor. This setting will not influence the rotation direction of the motor unless the keypad has been selected as the active control place.

P2.3 Range: Yes, No Default: Yes
Stop Button stopguttonactur
Active By default, pushing the STOP button will always stop the motor regardless of the selected control place. If this parameter is set to No, the STOP button will stop the motor only when the keypad has been selected as the active control place.

[^2]
## Active Faults Menu (M3)

When a fault occurs, the SVX9000/SPX9000 stops. The sequence indication F1, the fault code, a short description of the fault and the fault type symbol will appear on the display. In addition, the indication FAULT or ALARM is displayed and, in case of a FAULT, the red LED on the keypad starts to blink. If several faults occur simultaneously, the sequence of active faults can be browsed with the Browser buttons. See Figure 5-5.
The active faults memory can store the maximum of 10 faults in the sequential order of appearance. The fault remains active until it is cleared with either the STOP or RESET buttons or with a reset signal from the I/O terminal. Upon fault reset the display will be cleared and will return to the same state it was before the fault trip.


Figure 5-5: Active Fault Display Example

## A CAUTION

Remove any External Start signals or permissives before resetting the fault to prevent an unintentional restart of the SVX9000/ SPX9000, which could result in personal injury or equipment damage.

Fault Type Range: A, F, AR, FT
FRLLIT TYPE
There are four different types of faults. These faults and their definitions are given in Table 5-4.

Table 5-4: Fault Types

| Fault <br> Type | Fault Name | Description |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |


| A | Alarm | This type of fault is a sign of an unusual operating <br> condition. It does not cause the drive to stop, nor does it <br> require any special actions. The "A fault" remains in the <br> display for about 30 seconds. |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| F | Fault | An "F fault" is a kind of fault that makes the drive stop. <br> Actions need to be taken in order to restart the drive. |
| AR | Auto-Restart <br> Fault | If an "AR fault" occurs the drive will also stop <br> immediately. The fault is reset automatically and the drive <br> tries to restart the motor. If the restart is not successful, a <br> fault trip (FT) occurs. |
| FT | Fault Trip | If the drive is unable to restart the motor after an AR fault, <br> an FT fault occurs. The effect of the "FT fault" is the same <br> as that of the F fault — the drive is stopped. |

Fault Code Range: 1-54
Fault codes indicate the cause of the fault. A list of fault codes, their descriptions, and possible solutions can be found in Appendix B - Fault and Warning Codes.

Fault Time
Range: T. 1 - T. 13
In this menu, important data recorded at the time the fault is available. This feature is intended to help the user or the service person to determine the cause of fault.
Table 5-5 indicates the information that is recorded.
Table 5-5: Fault Time Data

| Data | Units | Description |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| T. 1 (1) | D | Counted operation days (Fault 43: Additional code) |
| T. 2 (1) | hh:mm:ss <br> (d) | Counted operation hours (Fault 43: Counted operation days) |
| T. 3 | Hz hh:mm:ss | Output frequency <br> (Fault 43: Counted operation hours) |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { T. } 4 \\ & \text { T. } 5 \\ & \text { T. } 6 \\ & \text { T. } 7 \\ & \text { T. } 8 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \mathrm{A} \\ & \mathrm{~V} \\ & \% \\ & \% \\ & \% \\ & \mathrm{~V} \end{aligned}$ | Motor current Motor voltage Motor power Motor torque DC bus voltage |
| T. 9 T. 10 T. 11 T. 12 T. 13 |  <br> - <br> - <br> - <br> - <br> - | Unit temperature Run status Direction Warnings Zero speed |

(1) Real time record.

If real time is set, T. 1 and T. 2 will appear as follows:

| T. 1 | yyyy-mm-dd | Counted operation days (Fault 43: Additional code) |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| T. 2 | hh:mm:ss.sss | Counted operation hours (Fault 43: Counted operation days) |

## Fault History Menu (M4)

All faults are stored in the Fault History Menu, which can be viewed by using the Browser buttons. Additionally, the Fault time data record pages are accessible for each fault as in the Active Faults Menu described above. See Figure 5-6.
The SVX9000/SPX9000's memory can store a maximum of 30 faults, in the order of appearance. If there are 30 uncleared faults in the memory, the next occurring fault will erase the oldest fault from the memory.


Figure 5-6: Sample Fault History Display
Note: Pressing the ENTER button for 3 seconds will clear the entire fault history.

## System Menu (M5)

The controls associated with the general use of the drive, such as application selection, customized parameter sets or information about the hardware and software are located in the System Menu. Password protection can be activated by parameter S5.5.1.
Descriptions of the system menu parameters are illustrated in Figure 5-7.


Figure 5-7: System Menu Structure

## System Menu Parameters

S5.1 Range: English, Spanish, French, Portuguese Default: English
Language Selection LRMGURGE
This parameter offers the ability to control the SVX9000/SPX9000 through the keypad in the language of your choice. Available languages are: English, Spanish, French and Portuguese.

S5.2
Application
Selection

Default: Basic
RPPLICRTIOM
This parameter sets the active application.
When changing applications, you will be asked if you want the parameters of the new application to be uploaded to the keypad. If you wish to load the new application parameters, push the ENTER button. Pushing any other button saves the parameters of the previously used application in the keypad.

## System Menu Copy Parameter Options (S5.3)

The parameter copy function is used when the operator wants to copy one or all parameter groups from one drive to another. All the parameter groups are first uploaded to the keypad, then the keypad is connected to another drive and then the parameter groups are downloaded to it (or possibly back to the same drive).

Note: Before any parameters can successfully be copied from one drive to another, the drive must be stopped when the parameters are downloaded to it.

S5.3.1
Parameter
Sets
PRRAMETER SETS
This parameter allows you to reload the factory default parameter values, and to store and load two customized parameter sets.

S5.3.2
Upload to
Keypad
UP TO KESPRO
This function uploads all existing parameter groups to the keypad.
S5.3.3
Download from Keypad

Range: 0-3
Default: 0 (All parameters)
DOUIV FROM KEYPGD
This function downloads one or all parameter groups from the keypad to the drive.
0 All parameters
1 All, no motor
2 Application parameters
S5.3.4
Automatic
Backup

## System Menu Parameter Comparison Options (S5.4)

S5.4
Parameter PRRAMETER COMPRRISOM
Comparison
With the Parameter Comparison function, you can compare the actual parameter values to the values of your customized parameter sets and those loaded to the control keypad.
The actual parameter values are first compared to those of the customized parameter Set1. If no differences are detected, a " 0 " is displayed on the lowermost line of the keypad.
If any of the parameter values differ from those of the Set1 parameters, the number of the deviations is displayed together with symbol $P$ (e.g. $P 1 \rightarrow P 5=$ five deviating values). By pressing the right arrow button once again you will see both the actual value and the value it was compared to. In this display, the value on the Description line (in the middle) is the default value, and the one on the value line (lowermost line) is the edited value. You can also edit the actual value by pushing the Right Arrow button.
Actual values can also be compared to Set2, Factory Settings and the Keypad Set values.

## Security Menu Parameter Options (S5.5)

Note: The Security submenu is protected with a password. Store the password in a safe place.
S5.5.1 Range: 0-65535
Default: 0
Password PR55word
The application selection can be protected against unauthorized changes with the Password function. When the password function is enabled, the user will be prompted to enter a password before application changes, parameter value changes, or password changes.
By default, the password function is not in use. If you want to activate the password, change the value of this parameter to any number between 1 and 65535. The password will be activated after the Timeout time (Timeout Time) has expired. To deactivate the password, reset the parameter value to 0 .

P5.5.2 Range: ChangeEnable, ChangeDisabl
Default: ChangeDisabl
PRRRMETER LOCK
This function allows the user to prohibit changes to the parameters. If the parameter lock is activated the text *LOCKED* will appear on the display if you try to edit a parameter value.
Note: This function does not prevent unauthorized editing of parameter values.
P5.5.3 Range: Yes, No Default: No
Start-Up STRRT-UP UIZRRD
Wizard
The Start-Up Wizard facilitates commissioning the SVX9000/SPX9000. If selected active, the Start-Up Wizard prompts the operator for the language and application desired and then advances through the start-up parameter list. After completion it allows the user to repeat the Start-Up Wizard or return to the default page, the Operate Menu. The Start-Up Wizard in always active for the initial power up of the SVX9000/SPX9000.

P5.5.4
Range: ChangeEnable, ChangeDisabl
Default: ChangeEnable
Items The keypad display can display three actual monitored values at the same time. This parameter determines if the operator is allowed to replace the values being monitored with other values.

## Keypad Settings (S5.6)

There are five parameters (Default Page to Backlight Time) associated with the keypad operation:

P5.6.1
Default Page

Default: 0
Thul page
This parameter sets the view to which the display automatically moves as the Timeout Time expires or when the keypad power is switched on. If the Default Page value is 0 this function is not activated, i.e. the last displayed page remains on the keypad display.

P5.6.2

## Default Page

in the
Operating
Menu
DEFRULT PGGE/Dim
Here you can set the location in the Operating menu to which the display automatically moves as the set Timeout Time expires, or when the keypad power is switched on. See setting of Default Page parameter above.

P5.6.3 Range: 0 - 65,535 Default: 30
Timeout Time Units: Seconds
timeout time
The Timeout Time setting defines the time after which the keypad display returns to the Default Page.
Note: If the Default Page value is 0 the Timeout Time setting has no effect.
P5.6.4
Contrast
Adjustment
COMTRAST ROUUSTMENT
If the display is not clear, you can adjust the keypad contrast with this parameter.
P5.6.5 Range: $1-65,535$ or Forever Default: 10
Backlight Units: Minutes
Time brchlight time
This parameter determines how long the backlight stays on before going out. You can select any time between 1 and 65,535 minutes or "Forever".

## Hardware Settings (S5.7)

The Hardware Settings submenu (S5.7) provides parameters for setting information on Internal brake resistor connection, Fan control, Keypad acknowledge timeout and Keypad retries.

P5.7.1 Range: Connected - Not Connected
Default: Connected interngrakeres
With this function you tell the SVX9000/SPX9000 whether the internal brake resistor is connected or not.
If your drive has an internal brake resistor, the default value of this parameter is "Connected". However, if it is necessary to increase braking capacity by installing an external brake resistor, or if the internal brake resistor is disconnected, it is advisable to change the value of this function to "Not Connected" in order to avoid unnecessary fault trips.
Note: The brake resistor is available as an option for all drives. It can be installed internally in frame sizes FR4 to FR6.
5.7.2 Range: Continuous, Temperature, First Start and Default: Continuous

Fan Control Calc Temp
FRY COMTROL
This function allows you to control the SVX9000/SPX9000's cooling fan. You can set the fan to run:
1 Continuous - fan runs continuously.
2 Temperature - based on the temperature of the unit. The fan is switched on automatically when the heatsink temperature reaches $60^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. The fan receives a stop command when the heatsink temperture falls to $55^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. The fan runs for about a minute after receiving the stop command or switching on the power, as well as after changing the value from "Continuous" to "Temperature".
3 First Start - after power up the fan is stopped until the run command is given and then fan runs continuously. This is mainly made for common DC-bus systems to prevent cooling fans to load charging resistors on power up moment.
4 Calc Temp - starting of cooling fan is based on calculated IGBT-temperature. When IGBT temp $=40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$, fan starts and when temp falls down to $30^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$, fan stops. Note: The fan runs continuously, regardless of this setting, when the SVX9000/ SPX9000 is in RUN state.

P5.7.3
Keypad Acknowledge Timeout

Range: 200-5,000
Default: 200
Units: mseconds
KEYPRD RCK TIMEOUT
This function allows the user to change the timeout of the Keypad acknowledgement time.
Note: If the SVX9000/SPX9000 has been connected to a PC with a serial cable, the default values of Keypad Acknowledge Timeout and Number of Retries to Receive Keypad Acknowledgement must not be changed.
If the SVX9000/SPX9000 has been connected to a PC via a modem and there is delay in transferring messages, the value of Keypad Acknowledge Timeout must be set according to the delay as follows:
Example:

- Transfer delay between the SVX9000/SPX9000 and the PC is found to be $=600 \mathrm{~ms}$
- The value of Keypad Acknowledge Timeout is set to $1200 \mathrm{~ms}(2 \times 600$, sending delay + receiving delay)
- The corresponding setting is then entered in the [Misc] section of the file 9000XDrive.ini:
Retries = 5
AckTimeOut $=1200$
TimeOut = 5000
It must also be considered that intervals shorter than the Keypad Acknowledge
Timeout time cannot be used in SVX9000/SPX9000 drive monitoring.
P5.7.4
Number of
Retries to
Receive
Keypad
Acknowledge-
Range: 1 - 10
Default: 5
KEYPRD RETRY
With this parameter you can set the number of times the drive will try to receive an acknowledgement when it has not been received within the acknowledgement time (Keypad Acknowledge Timeout) or if the received acknowledgement is faulty.


## System Information (S5.8)

This section contains hardware and software information as well as operation information.
S5.8.1
Total
Counters
TOTRL COUMTERS
In the Total Counters page you will find information related to the SVX9000/ SPX9000 operating times, i.e. the total numbers of MWh, operating days and operating hours. See Table 5-6.
Unlike the counters for the Trip Counters, these counters cannot be reset.
Note: The Power On time counters, days and hours, operate whenever power is applied to the SVX9000/SPX9000.

Table 5-6: Total Counters

| Number | Name | Description |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| C5.8.1.1 | MWh counter | Megawatt hours total operation time counter |
| C5.8.1.2 | Power On day <br> counter | Number of days the SVX9000/SPX9000 has been <br> supplied with power |
| C5.8.1.3 | Power On hour <br> counter | Number of hours the SVX9000/SPX9000 has been <br> supplied with power |

S5.8.2
Trip Counters
TRIP COUMTERS
The Trip Counters are counters whose values can be reset to zero. The resettable counters are shown in Table 5-7.

Table 5-7: Trip Counters

| Number | Name | Description |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| T5.8.2.1 | MWh counter | Megawatts hours since last reset |
| P5.8.2.2 | Clear MWh <br> counter | Resets megawatts hours counter |
| T5.8.2.3 | Power On day <br> counter | Number of days the SVX9000/SPX9000 has been run <br> since the last reset |
| T5.8.2.4 | Power On hour <br> counter | Number of hours the SVX9000/SPX9000 has been run <br> since the last reset |
| P5.8.2.5 | Clr Optime cntr | Resets the operating day and hour counters |

Note: The Trip Counters operate only when the motor is running.
S5.8.3
Software Information
sortware
The Software information page includes information on the following software related topics:

Table 5-8: Software Information

| Number | Name | Description |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| I5.8.3.1 | Software <br> package | SVX00031V003 |
| I5.8.3.2 | System <br> software <br> version | 11.53 .6536 |
| I5.8.3.3 | Firmware <br> interface | 4.37 |
| I5.8.3.4 | System load | G9.1 |

S5.8.4
Application Information
gpplications
The Application information page includes information on not only the application currently in use but also all other applications loaded into the SVX9000/SPX9000. The information available is shown in Table 5-9. Note that the " $x$ " in the table refers to the sequential number of the application in the list.

Table 5-9: Application Information

| Name | Content |
| :--- | :--- |
| A4.8.4.x | Application name |
| D4.8.4.x. 1 | Application ID |
| D4.8.4.x.2 | Version |
| D4.8.4.x.3 | Firmware interface |

S5.8.5
Hardware
Information The Hardware information page provides information on the following hardware-
haRDURIRE related topics:

Table 5-10: Hardware Information

| Number | Content |
| :--- | :--- |
| I5.8.5.1 | Nominal power of the unit |
| I5.8.5.2 | Nominal voltage of the unit |
| E5.8.5.3 | Brake chopper |
| E5.8.5.4 | Brake resistor |

S5.8.6
Expander
Board Information

EXPRMAER BORROS
This parameter and its sub-items provide information about the basic and option boards plugged into the control board as shown in Table 5-11. Note that the " $x$ " in the table refers to the sequential number of the slot, with slot A being " 1 " and slot E being " 5 ".

Table 5-11: Expander Board Information

| Number | Content |
| :--- | :--- |
| E5.8.6.x | Slot "x" board identification |
| E5.8.6.x.1 | Operating state |
| E5.8.6.x.2 | Software version |

S5.8.7
Debug Menu DEBUG
This menu is meant for advanced users and application designers. Contact the factory for any assistance needed.

## Expander Board Menu (M6)

The Expander Board Menu makes it possible for the user to:

- to see what expander boards are connected to the control board and
- to access and edit the parameters associated with the expander board.


Figure 5-8: Expander Board Menu Structure

## Example of Expander Board Parameters for Option Board A9

P6.1.1.1 Range: 1 - 5
Al1 Mode Ril moos
Analog Input 1 input options:
$10-20 \mathrm{~mA}$
$24-20 \mathrm{~mA}$
$3 \quad 0-10 \mathrm{~V}$
4 2-10V
$5-10-+10 \mathrm{VP}$

P6.1.1.2 Range: 1 - 5
Al2 Mode aiz moos
Analog Input 2 input options:

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 0-20 \mathrm{~mA} \\
& 4-20 \mathrm{~mA} \\
& 0-10 \mathrm{~V} \\
& 2-10 \mathrm{~V} \\
& -10-+10 \mathrm{VP}
\end{aligned}
$$

P6.1.1.3 Range: 1 - 4
Default: 1
AO1 Mode 901 moos
Analog Output 1 output options:

| 1 | $0-20 \mathrm{~mA}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| 2 | $4-20 \mathrm{~mA}$ |
| 3 | $0-10 \mathrm{~V}$ |
| 4 | $2-10 \mathrm{~V}$ |

## Monitoring Menu (M7)

The Monitoring Menu items are meant for viewing parameter values during operation. Monitored values are updated every 0.3 sec . Monitored items are identified by item numbers V7.1 to V1.xx, where "xx" varies by application. Table 5-12 provides an example of the monitored values for the Standard application.
Monitored parameters are not editable from this menu (See Parameter Menu [M1] to change parameter values).
Table 5-12: Monitoring Menu Items - Standard Application Example

| Code | Signal Name | Unit | Description |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| V7.1 | Output Frequency | Hz | Output frequency |
| V7.2 | Frequency reference | Hz | Frequency reference setting |
| V7.3 | Motor speed | rpm | Calculated motor speed |
| V7.4 | Motor current | A | Measured motor current |
| V7.5 | Motor torque | $\%$ | Calculated torque based on nominal motor torque |
| V7.6 | Motor power | $\%$ | Calculated power based on nominal motor power |
| V7.7 | Motor voltage | V | Calculated motor voltage |
| V7.8 | DC bus voltage | V | Measured DC-bus voltage |
| V7.9 | Unit temperature | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | Heatsink temperature |
| V7.10 | Calculated motor <br> temperature | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | Calculated motor temperature based on the motor <br> nameplate information and the calculated motor load |
| V7.11 | Analog Input 1 | V | Voltage input at Terminals AI1+ and GND |
| V7.12 | Analog Input 2 | mA | Current input at Terminals AI2+ and AI2- |
| V7.13 | DIN1, DIN2, DIN3 | - | Digital input status (Figure 5-9) |
| V7.14 | DIN4, DIN5,DIN6 | - | Digital input status (Figure 5-10) |
| V7.15 | DO1, RO2, RO3 | - | Digital and relay output status (Figure 5-11) |
| V7.16 | Analog lout | mA | Current output at Terminals AO1+ and AO1- |


|  |
| :--- |
| V1.13 <br> DIN1, DIN2, DIN3 <br> OFF ON OFF |

Figure 5-9: Digital Inputs — DIN1, DIN2, DIN3 Status

| V1.14 <br> DIN4, DIN5, DIN6 <br> ON OFF OFF |
| :--- |

Figure 5-10: Digital Inputs - DIN4, DIN5, DIN6 Status

| V1.15 <br> DO1, RO1, RO2 <br> OFF OFF ON |
| :--- |

Figure 5-11: Digital and Relay Outputs - DO1, RO1, RO2 Status

## Multimonitor (V7.17)

This parameter allows the viewing and selection (if allowed by System menu item, P5.5.4) of three simultaneously monitored items from the Monitored Menu Items shown in Table 5-12. Use the right arrow key to select the item to be modified and then the up or down arrow keys to select the new item. Press the ENTER key to accept the change.

## Operate Menu (M8)

The Operate Menu provides a easy to use method of viewing key numerical Monitoring Menu items. Some applications also support the setting of reference values in this menu. The items displayed vary by application. Table 5-13 is an example for the Standard application.

Table 5-13: Operate Menu Items - Standard Application Example

| Code | Signal Name | Unit | Description |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| O.1 | Output Frequency | Hz | Output frequency |
| O.2 | FreqReference | Hz | Frequency reference |
| O.3 | Motor Speed | rpm | Calculated motor speed |
| 0.4 | Motor Current | A | Measured motor current |
| 0.5 | Motor Torque | $\%$ | Calculated torque based on nominal motor torque |
| 0.6 | Motor Power | $\%$ | Calculated power based on nominal motor power |
| 0.7 | Motor Voltage | V | Calculated motor voltage |
| 0.8 | DC-Bus Voltage | V | Measured DC-bus voltage |
| 0.9 | Unit Temperature | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | Heatsink temperature |
| O.10 | MotorTemperature | $\%$ | Calculated motor temperature based on the motor <br> nameplate information and the calculated motor load |
| R1 | Keypad Reference | Hz | Keypad frequency reference setting |

The menu is navigated by using the left and right arrow buttons. If a reference level is available for setting, the up and down arrow buttons adjust the value. To exit the Operate Menu to access the other menus, depress the ENTER button for 2 seconds. While in the other menus, if there is no keypad activity, the display will return to the Operate Menu after 30 seconds. Figure 5-12 illustrates the Operate Menu button function.


Figure 5-12: Operate Menu Navigation

## Start-Up Wizard

Upon initial power up, the Start-Up Wizard guides the commissioner through the basic SVX9000/SPX9000 setup. The Start-Up Wizard may be set to function upon an application change by setting parameter P5.5.3.

Upon power up, the display will read:
"Startup Wizard"
"Press enter"
Upon pressing ENTER, the choice for the language to be used followed by the application desired are presented. The lists are navigated by using the right arrow and up and down arrow buttons. A selection is confirmed by pressing ENTER. After these two selections, the following text appears:
"Setup starts"
"Press enter"
When ENTER is pressed the setup parameter list is presented. The parameter value will be blinking allowing setting by the arrow buttons. The value is confirmed using the ENTER button, after which the next parameter in the list will be displayed.

After the last setup parameter is presented, the following text is displayed:
"Repeat setup?"
"Press $\rightarrow$ "
If the left arrow is pressed the Start-Up Wizard restarts. If the ENTER button is pressed the following is displayed:
"Setup done"
After this, the display returns to the default page, normally the Operate Menu.

## Chapter 6 - Start-Up

## Safety Precautions

Before start-up, observe the warnings and safety instructions provided throughout this manual.

## WARNING

1 Internal components and circuit boards (except the isolated I/O terminals) are at utility potential when the SVX9000/ SPX9000 is connected to the line. This voltage is extremely dangerous and may cause death or severe injury if you come in contact with it.

2 When the SVX9000/SPX9000 is connected to the utility, the motor connections U (T1), V (T2), W (T3) and DC-bus/brake resistor connections $\mathrm{B}-, \mathrm{B}+$ and R - are live even if the motor is not running.

3 Do not make any connections when the AF drive is connected to the utility line.
4 Do not open the cover of the AF drive immediately after disconnecting power to the unit, because components within the drive remain at a dangerous voltage potential for some time. Wait at least five minutes after the cooling fan has stopped and the keypad or cover indicators are dark before opening the SVX9000/SPX9000 cover.

5 The control I/O terminals are isolated from the utility potential, but relay outputs and other $1 / O s$ may have dangerous external voltages connected even if power is disconnected from the SVX9000/SPX9000.

6 Before connecting to the utility, make sure that the cover of the drive is closed.

## Overview

The SVX9000/SPX9000 Control can be used to operate induction motors using the applications included in the system software delivered with the drive. Higher performance permanent magnet (PM) synchronous motors and other functions of the frequency converter (FC) are accomplished by loading special applications with the 9000XLoad software tool. The following sections describe how to commission the drive for motor control in all applications. See the All-in-One or special application manual for additional startup information or details on the parameters. Parameters are available (visible) based on the application selected, the type of control (SVX or SPX), the option boards installed in the control and the version of the system software loaded in the control. In general, the SVX controls are limited to $\mathrm{V} / \mathrm{Hz}$ and open loop speed control of induction motors while the SPX control will work with any application and option board. Before starting the commissioning process, select the type of control, option boards, and size of the drive to meet the needs of the application and check that the latest system software is loaded. Open loop or sensorless control means motor control is accomplished by the standard drive unit without added speed/position feedback devices and associated option cards. Vector control means the drive can differentiate between torque producing and magnetizing current when reading motor phase currents. The "rotor flux oriented, current vector control" allows the AC drive to control an induction motor in the same manner as a separately excited DC motor.

## Open Loop Vector Control Operations

The SVX9000/SPX9000 Control normally operates an induction motor in V/Hz or open loop vector control (speed control) mode. By default, the ID run is designed to automatically configure parameters for the programmable volts per Hertz (V/f) curve and make a stator resistance measurement for a standard induction motor. If the ID run does not give the proper performance, manual tuning of the control is described in later sections.

## Frequency Controlled Application

For pumps and fans the application is usually frequency controlled and there is no need for high torque on low speed. A straight V/f curve ("linear" V/Hz ratio type) is all that is required for proper operation. Since pumps and fans are variable torque, selecting "Squared" for $\mathrm{V} / \mathrm{Hz}$ ratio type will give some energy savings. Compensation for measured stator resistance voltage drop will improve performance and selecting "Auto Torque Boost" will help start the motor if necessary. The SLX/SVX controls will operate a PM motor open loop but manual tuning of the $\mathrm{V} / \mathrm{f}$ curve is required.

## Speed Controlled Application

When an application is speed controlled and high torque at low speed is needed, it is often necessary to complete the ID run; select auto torque boost to help start the motor and set the drive to speed control mode to compensate for the slip of the induction motor.

## Closed Loop Vector Control Operations

Closed loop vector mode provides the best performance for speed and torque control; especially in low speed, high torque applications, including full torque at zero speed. The SPX is required for closed loop control with a speed or position feedback device. The closed loop ID run is similar to the open loop mode ID run.

## PM Motor Control Operations

The SPX control can be used to control a synchronous PM motor open loop, or closed loop with a resolver or absolute encoder. Best low speed, high torque performance is achieved with a position feedback device. The High Performance Multi-purpose application has a selection for PM motor control. The PM motor Encoder ID run determines the zero position of the rotor and stores it to a parameter for use when the load is connected.

## Sequence of Operation to Commission an Induction Motor

1. Read and follow all safety warnings and cautions in this manual.
2. At installation ensure:

- That the SVX9000/SPX9000 and motor are connected to ground.
- That the utility and motor cables are in accordance with the installation and connection instructions as detailed in Chapter 3 - Power Wiring.
- That the control cables are located as far as possible from the power cables as detailed in Chapter 4 - Control Wiring and Table 3-1. That control cable shields are connected to protective ground. That no wires make contact with any electrical components in the SVX9000/SPX9000.
- That the common input of each digital input group is connected to ground or +24 V of the I/O terminal supply or an external supply as detailed here and Figure 4-6.

3. Check the quality of the cooling air as detailed in Chapter 2 - Mounting.
4. Check that moisture has not condensed inside the SVX9000/SPX9000.
5. Check that all START/STOP switches connected to the I/O terminals are in the STOP state.
6. Connect the SVX9000/SPX9000 to the utility and switch the power on. For the initial power up you will enter the Start-Up Wizard, which will guide you through application selection and basic parameter setup. See the Start-Up Wizard section at the end of Chapter 5 - Menu Information for more information. After completing the Start-Up Wizard, proceed to step 8. If this is not the initial power up, the keypad will default to the Operate Menu. Depress the ENTER button for 2 seconds to enter the Parameter Menu. Proceed to step 7.
7. Ensure that the Group 1 parameters match the application by setting - at minimum, the following parameters to match the motor nameplate:

- Nominal voltage of the motor.
- Nominal nameplate frequency of the motor.
- Nominal nameplate full load speed of the motor.
- Motor nominal current.
- Motor power factor.
- Motor type (Select PM motor in Group 6 of special app)

8. Perform either Test A or Test B without the motor connected to the SVX9000/SPX9000.

Test A - Control from the Control Panel

- Apply input power to the SVX9000/SPX9000.
- Press the keypad START button.
- If not in the Operate Menu, go to the Monitoring Menu and check that the output frequency follows the keypad reference.
- Press the keypad STOP button.

Test B - Control from the I/O Terminals

- Apply input supply power to the SVX9000/SPX9000.
- Change control from the keypad to the I/O terminals using the LOCAL/REMOTE button.
- Start the drive by closing the START/STOP input on DIN1.
- Change the frequency reference setting on Al1.
- If not in the Operate Menu, go to the Monitoring Menu and check that the output frequency follows the frequency reference.
- Stop the drive by opening the START/STOP input on DIN1.

9. Disconnect all power to the SVX9000/SPX9000. Wait until the cooling fan on the unit stops and the indicators on the panel are not lit. If no keypad is present, check the indicators in the control panel cover. Wait at least five more minutes for the DC bus to discharge. Connect the motor to the SVX9000/SPX9000. If possible, perform a startup test or ID run with the motor connected to the SVX9000/SPX9000 but not connected to the process. If the SVX9000 must be tested with the motor connected to the process, perform it under no-load conditions.
10. Repeat test 8 A or 8 B to check operation of the motor without the process or load. Note for proper motor current, voltage and direction of shaft rotation. If an encoder card is installed, set encoder parameters in the expander board menu and monitor frequency and speed from the encoder board. Frequency should match output frequency of the drive with a positive value for forward direction. If encoder frequency is opposite; change motor phase order, encoder connection or select "invert" on the expander board menu. For many pump or fan applications, no tuning is required. If further tuning is necessary, perform the tuning while the motor is disconnected from the process.
11. Perform ID Run. Setting the identification parameter to the appropriate value Par/group P1.6.16 followed by a start command within 20 seconds activates automatic identification. (See test 8 A or 8 B for start command.) Upon completion, cancellation by a stop command or if timely start is not received, the parameter will reset to its default setting. Possible ID run selections are as follows:

- OL V/f Ratio - The drive is run at zero speed to identify the motor parameters. (Earlier system software version.)
- OL V/f +Boost - The drive is run at zero speed to identify the motor parameters and automatic torque boost is turned on. (Earlier system software version.)
- Identification without motor run - The drive is run at zero speed to identify the motor parameters.
- Identification with motor run - The drive is run at $2 / 3$ rated speed to identify the motor parameters. (No load on motor.)
- Encoder ID run - Identifies the shaft zero position when using PM motor with absolute encoder or resolver feedback.

12. When ID Run is complete as shown by a stop indication on the keypad, reset the drive with a stop command according to Test 8A or 8B. Set the motor control mode to OL Speed Control, CL Speed Control if appropriate for the application and repeat Test 8A or 8B.
13. If necessary, skip to the next section to perform manual tuning functions before connecting the motor to the process.
14. Disconnect all power to the SVX9000/SPX9000. Wait until the cooling fan on the unit stops and the indicators on the panel are not lit. If no keypad is present, check the indicators in the control panel cover. Wait at least five more minutes for the DC bus to discharge. Connect the motor to the driven load making sure mechanical system requirements are met. Make sure that the driven load can be run safely and that no hazard exists to any personnel. Repeat test 8A or 8B.

## Manual Tuning of the SVX9000/SPX9000

Proper tuning of the open loop speed control will give better torque control accuracy for improved motor performance. The aim of tuning is to get the motor model as close to the actual motor as possible through proper setting of parameters. Open loop tuning consists of three functions, 1) V/f curve tuning, 2) stator resistance measurement, and 3) compensation for slip.


Figure 6-1: Open Loop Tuning

## V/f- Curve Manual Tuning

When tuning the $\mathrm{V} / \mathrm{f}$ - curve manually (not using identification run) the motor shaft must be unloaded and the motor control mode set to frequency control (P1.6.1). The following parameters are adjusted to tune the $\mathrm{V} / \mathrm{f}$ curve:

## Parameters

V/f ratio selection P1.6.3
Field weakening point P1.6.4
Voltage at field weakening point P1.6.5
V/f curve midpoint frequency P1.6.6
V/f curve midpoint voltage
P1.6.7
Output voltage at zero frequency
P1.6.8
When using a linear V/f curve with increased zero frequency voltage ensure that the motor current does not increase too much between 3-7 Hz.

## Tuning Steps

Set the motor nameplate values.

| Nominal voltage of motor | P 1.1 .6 |
| :--- | :--- |
| Nominal frequency of motor | P 1.1 .7 |
| Nominal speed of motor | P1.1.8 |
| Nominal current of motor | P1.1.9 |
| Motor Power Factor (Cos Phi) | P1.1.10 |

Run the motor unloaded at $2 / 3$ rated speed using a frequency reference. Read the motor current from the monitoring menu (V7.4) or use 9000XDrive for monitoring. This current is the motor magnetizing current. This value should match a nameplate magnetizing current value if given.
If the motor will only be run in closed loop, skip to section on closed loop vector control tuning.
Change the V/f- curve ratio selection to programmable-mode $=2$ ( P 1.6 .3 ).
Run motor with zero frequency reference and increase motor zero point voltage ( P 1.6 .8 ) until motor current is approximately same as the motor magnetizing current. (If motor is only in the low frequency area for short periods, it is possible to use up to $80 \%$ of rated current).

Set then the midpoint voltage (P1.6.7) to 1.4142*P1.6.8 ( $\sqrt{2}$ * Zero Point Voltage) and midpoint frequency (P1.6.6) to value P1.6.8/100\%*P1.1.7. ([ZeroPoint Voltage/100\%]*Nominal frequency of motor.)

$$
\mathrm{P} 1.6 .7=\sqrt{2} * \mathrm{P} 1.6 .8 \quad \mathrm{P} 1.6 .6=\frac{\mathrm{P} 1.6 .8}{100} * \mathrm{P} 1.1 .7
$$

## Hint for the 9000X Drive user:

When zero point voltage is set correctly, run motor with slow ramp ( $\sim 20 \mathrm{~s}$ ) to $1 / 2$ of rated frequency. Show output frequency and motor current in the 9000XDrive monitoring window. If midpoint parameters are set correctly, motor current should be stable during acceleration. (Picture 2: heavy solid line).
If there is a peak in the monitored motor current, (heavy dashed in picture 2.) check what the output frequency is at the max current point, and set this value for midpoint frequency (P1.6.6). Then readjust midpoint voltage for a stable current performance during acceleration.


Figure 6-2: Motor Current after V/f-Curve Tuning

## Stator Resistance Measurement Using Dc-brake at Start

1. Define the DC-brake current (=motor nominal current) (P1.4.8).
2. Set the DC-brake time at start to 2 seconds (P1.4.11).
3. Give start command.

The drive will correct the stator impedance to improve the motor torque calculation. This also improves slip compensation accuracy. (Stator resistance voltage loss compensation, see picture 3.)

If the DC-brake time at start is set back to zero, the calculated stator impedance value goes back to default if the drive's power is switched off. (Identification will retain all values in memory.)


Figure 6-3: Motor Equivalent Circuit
Change the motor control mode to the speed control (P1.6.1 = 1)
Change the V/f-optimization (Auto Torque Boost) to on if more torque is needed on low frequencies (P1.6.2). Note, this will increase motor voltage while loading motor, check motor current draw.

Note: In high torque - low speed applications - it is likely that the motor will overheat. If the motor has to run a prolonged time under these conditions, special attention must be paid to cooling the motor.

## Slip Compensation In Open Loop

The drive uses motor torque and motor nominal RPM to compensate slip. If motor nominal RPM is 1710 -> nominal slip is 90 RPM. And when motor torque is $50 \%$ slip is 45 RPM. To keep reference speed drive must increase output frequency by:

$$
\frac{50 \% * 90 \mathrm{RPM}}{1500 \mathrm{RPM}} * 50,00 \mathrm{~Hz}=1,50 \mathrm{~Hz}
$$



Figure 6-4: Left: OL Speed Control Off. Right: OL Speed Control ON.

## Closed Loop Vector Control Manual Tuning (SPX9000 Only)

For some non-standard motors the auto-tune is not sufficient. Closed lop control mode is used, when enhanced performance near zero speed and better steady stats and dynamic speed accuracy at higher speeds are needed.

## Tuning Steps

Set the motor nameplate values.
Nominal voltage of motor P1.1.6
Nominal frequency of motor P1.1.7
Nominal speed of motor P1.1.8
Nominal current of motor P1.1.9
Motor Power Factor (Cos Phi) P1.1.10
Check encoder Pulse/Revolution rate and set this value to expander menu P6.3.1.1.
Parameter is only visible if OPTA4 or OPTA5 is installed to slot C.
Set motor control mode to open loop frequency control (P1.6.1 = 0).
Run the motor unloaded at $2 / 3$ rated speed using a frequency reference. Read the motor current from the monitoring menu (V1.4) or use 9000X Drive for monitoring. This current is the motor magnetizing current. This value should match a nameplate magnetizing current value if given.
Check the expander board menu (monitoring page V6.3.2.1), that the encoder frequency is approximately the same as the output frequency. Check also, that the direction is correct. If the encoder frequency direction is opposite the output frequency (negative value), change the motor phase order to encoder connection. The expander board menu also has a parameter to invert the signal if rewiring is not an option.

Set motor control mode to closed loop (P1.6.1 = 3 or 4).
Set the motor magnetizing current P1.6.17.1 (measured in step 4).

## Fine Tuning

Tune parameter P1.6.17.6 (Slip Adjust) to get the motor voltage slightly above the linear $\mathrm{V} / \mathrm{f}$-curve when motor is loaded and slightly below when motor is generating.
Using the linear V/f-curve ( $\mathrm{P} 1.6 .3=0$ ), run the motor in frequency control mode $(\mathrm{P} 1.6 .1=0)$ at about $2 / 3$ of the motor nominal frequency and check motor voltage (V7.7).

At 40 Hz , voltage should be $40 / 60 * 460 \mathrm{~V}=307 \mathrm{~V}$.
Run the motor in closed loop control mode with same reference and check the motor voltage. Adjust P1.6.17.6 (Slip Adjust) so that motor voltage is slightly above the linear V/f-curve. If motor voltage is low, decrease the value of Slip Adjust (P1.6.17.6).


Figure 6-5: Closed Loop Motor Voltage
Adjust the following parameters for optimum performance in closed loop mode:

## Fine Tuning Parameters

## 613 Speed control P gain

Sets the gain for the speed controller in \% per Hz. 100 means nominal torque with 1 Hz frequency error.

614 Speed control I time
Sets the integral time constant for the speed controller. Too short integration time makes the control unstable.

620 Load drooping
Setting a proper value to the LoadDrooping parameter enables the load drooping. This function causes the speed to decrease as the load torque increases. At rapid load changes this gives a smoother torque response, when a part of the required power is taken from the system inertia. This operation causes a constant, torque-dependent steady-state error in speed response.

## 626 Acceleration compensation

Sets the inertia compensation to improve speed response during acceleration and deceleration. The time is defined as acceleration time to nominal speed with nominal torque. This parameter is active also in advanced open loop mode.

627 Magnetizing current at start
628 Magnetizing time at start
These parameters are certain type of DC-brake in start. With these parameters it is possible to shorten the time needed to fully magnetize the motor, especially when motor is big.

## 615 Zero speed time at start

After giving the start command the drive will remain at zero speed for the time defined by this parameter. The ramp is released to follow the set frequency/speed reference after this time has elapsed.

## 616 Zero speed time at stop

The drive will remain at zero speed with controllers active for the time defined by this parameter after reaching the zero speed when a stop command is given. This parameter has no effect, if the selected stop function (P1.4.7) is coasting.

## 621 Start-up torque

This parameter selects the start-up torque.
Torque Memory is used in crane applications. Start-up Torque FWD/REV can be used in other applications to help the speed controller.
$0=$ Not Used
1 = TorqMemory
2 = Torque Ref
3 = Torq.Fwd/Rev
633 Start-up torque, forward
Sets the start-up torque for forward direction, if selected with par. 1.6.17.12.
634 Start-up torque, reverse
Sets the start-up torque for reverse direction, if selected with par. 1.6.17.13.

## 107 Current limit

This parameter determines the maximum motor current from the frequency converter. The parameter value range differs from size to size. On closed loop control mode this limits torque (= torque producing current).
For example, if motor magnetizing current is 2.0 A and current limit is 1.0 A , total motor current can be:


Figure 6-6: Closed Loop Current Limit

## Appendix A - Technical Data

## General

Figure A-1 shows a block diagram of the SVX9000/SPX9000 drive. The SVX9000/SPX9000 physically consists of two sections, the Power Unit and the Control Unit. The three-phase AC Choke with the DC-Link Capacitor form a LC filter which together with the Rectifier produce the DC voltage for the IGBT Inverter block. The AC Choke smooths the disturbances from the utility into the SVX9000/SPX9000 as well as the high frequency disturbances caused by the SVX9000/SPX9000 on the utility line. It also improves the input current waveform to the SVX9000/SPX9000. The IGBT Inverter produces a symmetrical three-phase pulse width modulated adjustable frequency AC voltage to the motor.

The Motor and Application Control block contains a microprocessor with customized software. The microprocessor controls the motor based on Measured Signals, parameter value settings and commands from the Control I/O Block and the Control Module. The Motor and Application Control block commands the Motor Control ASIC which calculates the IGBT switching positions. Gate Drivers amplify these signals for driving the IGBT Inverter.
The Control Keypad is a link between the user and the SVX9000/SPX9000. With the Control Keypad the user can set parameter values, read status information and issue control commands. The Control Keypad is removable and can be mounted externally and connected with the appropriate cable. Instead of the Control Keypad, a PC can be used to control the SVX9000/SPX9000 by cable connecting it where the Control Keypad is normally connected or through an option board.

The Control I/O Block is isolated from line potential and may be connected to or isolated from ground by the choice of the control I/O board which is used. OPTA8 is isolated ground, OPTA1 and OPTA9 are not.
Input and Output EMC-Filters are not required for the functionality of the SVX9000/SPX9000. They are only needed for compliance with the EU EMC directive as detailed in the following section.


Figure A-1: SVX9000/SPX9000 Block Diagram

## Specifications

Table A-1: SVX9000/SPX9000 Drive Specifications

| Description | Specification |
| :--- | :--- |

Power Connections

| Input Voltage ( $\mathrm{V}_{\text {in }}$ ) | $208-240 \mathrm{~V}+10 \% /-15 \%$ <br> $380-500 \mathrm{~V}+10 \% /-15 \%$ <br> $525-690 \mathrm{~V}+10 \% /-15 \%$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Input Frequency ( $\mathrm{f}_{\text {in }}$ ) | $50 / 60 \mathrm{~Hz}$ (variation up to $45-66 \mathrm{~Hz}$ ) |
| Connection to Utility Power | Once per minute or less (typical operation) |
| Maximum Symmetrical Supply | $208-240 \mathrm{~V}, 100 \mathrm{kAIC}$ <br> Current |
|  | $580-500 \mathrm{~V}, 100 \mathrm{kAIC}$ |
| $525-690 \mathrm{~V}, 100 \mathrm{kAIC}$ |  |

Motor Connections

| Output Voltage | 0 to $\mathrm{V}_{\text {in }}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Continuous Output Current | Ambient temperature max. $+122^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\left(+50^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$, overload $1.5 \times \mathrm{I} \mathrm{L}$ <br> $(1 \mathrm{~min}$. out of 10 min.$)$ |
| Starting Current | $200 \%$ for 2 seconds |
| Output Frequency | 0 to 320 Hz |
| Frequency Resolution | 0.01 Hz |

Table A-1: SVX9000/SPX9000 Drive Specifications (Continued)

| Description | Specification |
| :---: | :---: |
| Control Characteristics |  |
| Control Method | SVX Frequency Control (V/f) <br> SVX Open Loop Sensorless Vector <br> SPX Open Loop Sensorless Vector Control <br> SPX Closed Loop Control |
| Switching Frequency | Adjustable with Parameter 2.6.9 <br> 208-230V: 3/4-15 hp: 1 to 16 kHz ; default 10 kHz $20-30 \mathrm{hp}: 1$ to 10 kHz ; default 3.6 kHz <br> 380 -500V: 1 - $30 \mathrm{hp}: 1$ to 16 kHz ; default 10 kHz <br> $40-200 \mathrm{hp}: 1$ to 10 kHz ; default 3.6 kHz <br> $525-690 \mathrm{~V}$ All Sizes: 1 to 6 kHz ; default 1.5 kHz |
| Frequency Reference | Analog Input: Resolution 0.1\% (10-bit), accuracy $\pm 1 \%$ Panel Reference: Resolution 0.01 Hz |
| Field Weakening Point | 30 to 320 Hz |
| Acceleration Time | 0.1 to 3000 sec . |
| Deceleration Time | 0.1 to 3000 sec . |
| Braking Torque | DC brake: $15 \%$ to $150 \% \times \mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{n}}$ (without brake option) |

## Environment

| Ambient Operating Temperature | $14^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\left(-10^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$, no frost to $122^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\left(+50^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$ |
| :---: | :---: |
| Storage Temperature | $-40^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\left(-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$ to $158^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\left(70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$ |
| Relative Humidity | 0 to 95\% RH, non-condensing, non-corrosive, no dripping water |
| Air Quality | Chemical vapors: IEC 60721-3-3, unit in operation, class 3C2 Mechanical particles: IEC 60721-3-3, unit in operation, class 3S2 |
| Altitude | $100 \%$ load capacity (no derating) up to 3300 ft . ( 1000 m ); $1 \%$ derating for each 330 ft . ( 100 m ) above 3300 ft . ( 1000 m ); max. 10000 ft ( 3000 m ) |
| Vibration | EN 50178, EN 60068-2-6 <br> 5 to 50 Hz , displacement amplitude 1 mm (peak) at 3 to 15.8 Hz , Max. acceleration amplitude 1 G at 15.8 to 150 Hz |
| Shock | EN 50178, EN 60068-2-27 <br> UPS Drop test (for applicable UPS weights) <br> Storage and shipping: max. 15 G, 11 mS (in package) |
| Enclosure Class | NEMA 1/IP21 available all ratings NEMA 12/IP54 available all ratings |
| Standards |  |
| EMC (at default settings) | Immunity: Fulfils all EMC immunity requirements Emissions: EN 61800-3 |
| Safety | UL 508C |
| Product | IEC 61800-2 |

## Control Connections

| Analog Input Voltage | 0 to $10 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{R}-200 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ differential (-10 to 10 V joystick control) <br> Resolution $0.1 \% ;$ accuracy $\pm 1 \%$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Analog Input Current | $0(4)$ to $20 \mathrm{~mA} ; \mathrm{Ri}_{\mathrm{i}}-250 \Omega$ differential |
| Digital Inputs (6) | Positive or negative logic; 18 to 24 V DC |
| Auxiliary Voltage | $+24 \mathrm{~V} \pm 15 \%$, max. 250 mA |
| Output Reference Voltage | $+10 \mathrm{~V}+3 \%$, max. load 10 mA |

Table A-1: SVX9000/SPX9000 Drive Specifications (Continued)

| Description | Specification |
| :--- | :--- |
| Control Connections (Continued) |  |
| Analog Output | $0(4)$ to $20 \mathrm{~mA} ; R_{L}$ max. $500 \Omega$; Resolution 10 bit; Accuracy $\pm 2 \%$ or 0 to <br> $10 \mathrm{~V}, R_{L} 1 \mathrm{k} \Omega$, select with jumper |
| Digital Outputs | Open collector output, $50 \mathrm{~mA} / 48 \mathrm{~V}$ |
| Relay Outputs | 3 programmable change-over relay outputs <br> Switching capacity: 24 V DC / $8 \mathrm{~A}, 250 \mathrm{~V}$ AC / 8A, 125V DC / 0.4 A <br> Minimum switching load: $5 \mathrm{~V} / 10 \mathrm{~mA}$ <br> Continuous capacity: $<2$ Arms |

## Protections

| Overcurrent Protection | Yes |
| :--- | :--- |
| Undervoltage Protection | Yes |
| Ground (Earth) Fault | In case of a ground fault in the motor or motor cables, only the <br> SVX9000/SPX9000 is protected |
| Input Phase Supervision | Trips if any of the input phases are missing |
| Motor Phase Supervision | Trips if any of the output phases are missing |
| Overtemperature Protection | Yes |
| Motor Overload Protection | Yes |
| Motor Stall Protection | Yes |
| Motor Underload Protection | Yes |
| Short Circuit Protection of the <br> $+24 V ~ a n d ~+10 V ~ R e f e r e n c e ~$ |  |
| Voltages |  |$\quad$ Yes $\quad$ $\quad$

## Power Ratings

## Table A-2: Output Power Ratings - $230 \mathrm{~V} \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{H}}$

| Catalog Number (12) | Frame Size | Three-Phase Input |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Horsepower | Current |
| SVXF07Ax-2A_1 | FR4 | 3/4 | 3.7 |
| SVX001Ax-2A_1 |  | 1 | 4.8 |
| SVXF15Ax-2A_1 |  | 1-1/2 | 6.6 |
| SVX002Ax-2A_1 |  | 2 | 7.8 |
| SVX003Ax-2A_1 |  | 3 | 11.0 |
| SVX005Ax-2A_1 | FR5 | 5 | 17.5 |
| SVX007Ax-2A_1 |  | 7-1/2 | 25. |
| SVX010Ax-2A_1 | FR6 | 10 | 31. |
| SVX015Ax-2A_1 |  | 15 | 48. |
| SVX020Ax-2A_1 | FR7 | 20 | 61. |
| SVX025Ax-2A_1 |  | 25 | 75. |
| SVX030Ax-2A_1 |  | 30 | 88. |

(1) Insert a $\mathbf{1}$ for NEMA Type 1 or a $\mathbf{2}$ for NEMA Type 12 in place of the $\mathbf{x}$ in the Catalog Number.
${ }^{(2)}$ For SPX drives change SVX prefix to SPX.

Table A-3: Output Power Ratings - $480 \mathrm{~V} \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{H}}$

|  | Catalog Number ©2 | Frame <br> Size | Three-Phase Input |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| SVX001x-4A_1 | FR4 | 1 | 2.2 |  |
| SVXF15x-4A_1 |  | $1-1 / 2$ | 3.3 |  |
| SVX002x-4A_1 |  | 2 | 4.3 |  |
| SVX003x-4A_1 |  | 3 | 5.6 |  |
| SVX005x-4A_1 |  | 5 | 7.6 |  |
| SVX007x-4A_1 | FR5 | $7-1 / 2$ | 12. |  |
| SVX010x-4A_1 |  | 10 | 16. |  |
| SVX015x-4A_1 |  | 15 | 23. |  |
| SVX020x-4A_1 | FR6 | 20 | 31. |  |
| SVX025x-4A_1 |  | 25 | 38. |  |
| SVX030x-4A_1 |  | 30 | 46. |  |
| SVX040x-4A_1 | FR7 | 40 | 61. |  |
| SVX050x-4A_1 |  | 50 | 72. |  |
| SVX060x-4A_1 |  | 60 | 87. |  |
| SVX075x-4A_1 | FR8 | 75 | 105. |  |
| SVX100x-4A_1 |  | 100 | 140. |  |
| SVX125x-4A_1 |  | 125 | 170. |  |
| SVX150x-4A_1 | FR9 | 150 | 205. |  |
| SVX200x-4A_1 |  | 200 | 245. |  |

(1) Insert a 1 for NEMA Type 1 or a $\mathbf{2}$ for NEMA Type 12 in place of the $\mathbf{x}$ in the Catalog Number.
${ }^{2}$ For SPX drives change SVX prefix to SPX.
Table A-4: Output Power Ratings - 480V SPX FR10 - FR14

| Catalog Number | Frame Size | hp ( $\mathrm{l}_{\mathrm{H}}$ ) | Current $\left(I_{\mathrm{H}}\right)$ | hp ( $\mathrm{l}_{\mathrm{L}}$ ) | Current (IL) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| SPX250A0-4A2N1 | FR10 | 250 | 330 | 300 | 385 |
| SPX300A0-4A2N1 |  | 300 | 385 | - | 460 |
| SPX350A0-4A2N1 |  | 350 | 460 | 400 | 520 |
| SPX400A0-4A2N1 | FR11 | 400 | 520 | 500 | 590 |
| SPX500A0-4A2N1 |  | 500 | 590 | - | 650 |
| SPX550A0-4A2N1 |  | - | 650 | 600 | 730 |
| SPX600A0-4A2N1 | FR12 | 600 | 730 | - | 820 |
| SPX650A0-4A2N1 |  | - | 820 | 700 | 920 |
| SPX700A0-4A2N1 |  | 700 | 920 | 800 | 1030 |
| SPX800A0-4A2N1 | FR13 | 800 | 1030 | 900 | 1150 |
| SPX900A0-4A2N1 |  | 900 | 1150 | 1000 | 1300 |
| SPXH10A0-4A2N1 |  | 1000 | 1300 | 1200 | 1450 |
| SPXH12A0-4A2N1 | FR14 | 1200 | 1600 | 1500 | 1770 |
| SPXH16A0-4A2N1 |  | 1600 | 1940 | 1800 | 2150 |
| SPXH19A0-4A2N1 |  | 1900 | 2300 | 2200 | 2700 |

${ }^{3}$ FR10-FR14 includes 3\% line reactor, but it is not integral to chassis.

Table A-5: Output Power Ratings $-575 \mathrm{~V} \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{H}}$

| Catalog Number ${ }^{\text {® }}$ | Frame Size | Three-Phase Input |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Horsepower | Current |
| SVX002A1-5A4N1 | FR6 | 2 | 3.33 |
| SVX003A1-5A4N1 |  | 3 | 4.5 |
| SVX004A1-5A4N1 |  | - | 5.5 |
| SVX005A1-5A4N1 |  | 5 | 7.5 |
| SVX007A1-5A4N1 |  | 7-1/2 | 10. |
| SVX010A1-5A4N1 |  | 10 | 13.5 |
| SVX015A1-5A4N1 |  | 15 | 18. |
| SVX020A1-5A4N1 |  | 20 | 22. |
| SVX025A1-5A4N1 |  | 25 | 27. |
| SVX030A1-5A4N1 | FR7 | 30 | 34. |
| SVX040A1-5A4N1 |  | 40 | 41. |
| SVX050A1-5A4N1 | FR8 | 50 | 52. |
| SVX060A1-5A4N1 |  | 60 | 62. |
| SVX075A1-5A4N1 |  | 75 | 80. |
| SVX100A1-5A4N1 | FR9 | 100 | 100. |
| SVX125A1-5A4N1 |  | 125 | 125. |
| SVX150A1-5A4N1 |  | 150 | 144. |
| SVX175A1-5A4N1 |  | - | 170. |

(1) For SPX drives change SVX prefix to SPX.

Table A-6: Output Power Ratings - 575V SPX FR10 - FR14

| Catalog Number | Frame Size | hp ( $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{H}}$ ) | Current ( $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{H}}$ ) | hp ( $\mathrm{l}_{\mathrm{L}}$ ) | Current |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| SPX200A0-5A2N1 | FR10 | 200 | 208 | 250 | 261 |
| SPX250A0-5A2N1 |  | 250 | 261 | 300 | 325 |
| SPX300A0-5A2N1 |  | 300 | 325 | 400 | 385 |
| SPX400A0-5A2N1 | FR11 | 400 | 385 | 450 | 460 |
| SPX450A0-5A2N1 |  | 450 | 460 | 500 | 502 |
| SPX500A0-5A2N1 |  | 500 | 502 | - | 590 |
| SPX550A0-5A2N1 | FR12 | - | 590 | 600 | 650 |
| SPX600A0-5A2N1 |  | 600 | 650 | 700 | 750 |
| SPX700A0-5A2N1 |  | 700 | 750 | 800 | 820 |
| SPX800A0-5A2N1 | FR13 | 800 | 820 | 900 | 920 |
| SPX900A0-5A2N1 |  | 900 | 920 | 1000 | 1030 |
| SPXH10A0-5A2N1 |  | 1000 | 1030 | 1250 | 1180 |
| SPXH13A0-5A2N1 | FR14 | 1350 | 1300 | 1500 | 1500 |
| SPXH15A0-5A2N1 |  | 1500 | 1500 | 2000 | 1900 |
| SPXH20A0-5A2N1 |  | 2000 | 1900 | 2300 | 2250 |

(2) FR10 - FR14 includes a $3 \%$ line reactor but it is not integral to chassis.

## Power Loss and Switching Frequency

In some situations it may be desirable to change the switching frequency of the SVX9000/ SPX9000 for some reason (typically e.g. to reduce the motor noise). Raising the switching frequency above the factory default level increases the drive power loss and increases the cooling requirements, Figures A-2 through A-7 illustrate the power loss increase for the different SVX9000/SPX9000 models. When operating above the default switching frequency the SVX9000/SPX9000 output current rating should be derated by the ratio of the increased power loss to the nominal power loss.

## Example:

The user of a $30 \mathrm{hp} \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{H}}, 61 \mathrm{~A}, 480 \mathrm{~V}$ SVX9000/SPX9000 wishes to increase the switching frequency from the factory default value of 10 kHz to 15 kHz to reduce motor noise. From Figure A-4 the loss at the factory default switching frequency of 10 kHz is 1240 watts. The loss at 15 kHz from Figure A-4 is 1340 watts.

$$
\text { Re rate }=61 \times \frac{1240}{1340}=56 \mathrm{~A}
$$

Thus at the increased switching frequency the maximum load allowed is reduced to 56A to avoid overheating the SVX9000/SPX9000.


Figure A-2: Power Loss as Function of Switching Frequency -3/4-3 hp 230V, 1 - 5 hp 480V


Figure A-3: Power Loss as Function of Switching Frequency -5-7-1/2 hp 230V, 7-1/2-15 hp 480V


Figure A-4: Power Loss as Function of Switching Frequency 10 - 15 hp 230V, 20 - 30 hp 480 V


Figure A-5: Power Loss as Function of Switching Frequency -$20-30 \mathrm{hp} 230 \mathrm{~V}, 40-60 \mathrm{hp} 480 \mathrm{~V}$


Figure A-6: Power Loss as Function of Switching Frequency -75-125 hp 480V


Figure A-7: Power Loss as Function of Switching Frequency 150 - 200 hp 480V

June 2009

## Dimensions



Figure A-8: NEMA Type 1 Enclosure Dimensions
Table A-7: NEMA Type 1/Type 12 Enclosure Dimensions

| Frame <br> Size | Voltage | hp ( $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{H}}$ ) | Approximate Dimensions in Inches (mm) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Weight <br> Lbs. (kg) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | H1 | H2 | H3 | D1 | D2 | D3 | W1 | W2 | R1 dia. | R2 dia. |  |
| FR4 | 230V | 3/4-3 | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline 12.9 \\ (327) \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \hline 12.3 \\ & (312) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 11.5 \\ & (292) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 7.5 \\ & (190) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 2.5 \\ & \text { (64) } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 5.0 \\ & (126) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 5.0 \\ & (128) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 3.9 \\ & (100) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 0.5 \\ & (13) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0.3 \\ & \text { (7) } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 11 \\ & (5) \end{aligned}$ |
|  | 480 V | 1-5 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| FR5 | 230 V | 5-7-1/2 | $\begin{array}{\|l} \hline 16.5 \\ (419) \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 16.0 \\ & (406) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 15.3 \\ & (389) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l} \hline 8.4 \\ (214) \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 2.7 \\ & \text { (68) } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 5.8 \\ & (148) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline 5.6 \\ (143) \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 3.9 \\ & (100) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0.5 \\ & (13) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0.3 \\ & \text { (7) } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l} \hline 17.9 \\ (8.1) \end{array}$ |
|  | 480 V | 7-1/2-15 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| FR6 | 230 V | 10-15 | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline 22.0 \\ (558) \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 21.3 \\ & (541) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 20.4 \\ & (519) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 9.3 \\ & (237) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 2.7 \\ & \text { (68) } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 6.7 \\ & (171) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline 7.7 \\ (195) \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline 5.8 \\ (148) \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0.7 \\ & (18) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0.4 \\ & \text { (9) } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 40.8 \\ & (18.5) \end{aligned}$ |
|  | 480 V | 20-30 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 575 V | 2-25 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| FR7 | 230 V | 20-30 | $\begin{aligned} & 24.8 \\ & (630) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 24.2 \\ & (614) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 23.3 \\ & (591) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 10.1 \\ & (257) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 2.7 \\ & \text { (68) } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 7.5 \\ & (189) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline 9.3 \\ (237) \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 7.5 \\ & (190) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline 0.7 \\ (18) \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0.4 \\ & \text { (9) } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 77.2 \\ & (35) \end{aligned}$ |
|  | 480 V | 40-60 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 575 V | 30-40 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| FR8 | 480 V | 75-125 | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline 29.7 \\ (755) \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline 28.8 \\ (732) \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 28.4 \\ & (721) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 12.3 \\ & (312) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline 1.3 \\ \text { (34) } \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 11.0 \\ & (279) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 11.2 \\ & (285) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 10.0 \\ & (255) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline 0.7 \\ (18) \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0.4 \\ & \text { (9) } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 127.8 \\ & (58) \end{aligned}$ |
|  | 575 V | 50-75 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| FR9 | 480 V | 150-200 | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 45.3 \\ & (1150) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 44.1 \\ & (1120) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 45.3 \\ & (1150) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 14.3 \\ & (362) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline 5.4 \\ (137) \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 8.8 \\ & (224) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l} \hline 18.9 \\ (480) \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline 15.7 \\ (400) \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline 0.7 \\ (18) \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0.4 \\ & \text { (9) } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 321.9 \\ & (146) \end{aligned}$ |
|  | 575 V | 100-150 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |



Figure A-9: NEMA Type 1 and 12 with Flange Kit, FR4, FR5 and FR6 Enclosure Dimensions
Table A-8: FR4, FR5 and FR6 with Flange Kit Enclosure Dimensions

| Frame Size | Voltage | Approximate Dimensions in Inches (mm) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | W1 | W2 | H1 | H2 | H3 | H4 | H5 | D1 | D2 | Dia. |
| FR4 | 230 V | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 5.0 \\ & (128) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 4.45 \\ & (113) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline 13.27 \\ (337) \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline 12.8 \\ (325) \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l} \hline 12.9 \\ (327) \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l} \hline 1.18 \\ (30) \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline .87 \\ (22) \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline 7.5 \\ (190) \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline 3.0 \\ (77) \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & .27 \\ & (7) \end{aligned}$ |
|  | 480 V |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| FR5 | 230 V | $\begin{array}{\|l} \hline 5.67 \\ (144) \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 4.7 \\ & (120) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 17.0 \\ & (434) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 16.5 \\ & (420) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 16.5 \\ & (419) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline 1.4 \\ (36) \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline .7 \\ & (18) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 8.42 \\ & (214) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 3.93 \\ & (100) \end{aligned}$ | (7) |
|  | 480 V |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| FR6 | 230 V | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline 7.67 \\ \hline(195) \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 6.7 \\ & (170) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 22.0 \\ & (560) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 21.6 \\ & (549) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 21.9 \\ & (558) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 1.18 \\ & (30) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline .79 \\ (20) \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 9.33 \\ & (237) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 4.17 \\ & (106) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline .25 \\ & (6.5) \end{aligned}$ |
|  | 480 V |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 575 V |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |



Figure A-10: NEMA Type 1 with Flange Kit, FR7 and FR8 Enclosure Dimensions
Table A-9: FR7 and FR8 with Flange Kit Enclosure Dimensions

| Frame Size | Voltage | Approximate Dimensions in Inches (mm) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | W1 | W2 | W3 | W4 | H1 | H2 | H3 | H4 | H5 | H6 | H7 | D1 | D2 | Dia. |
| FR7 | 230 V | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline 9.33 \\ (237) \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline 6.8 \\ (175) \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline 10.62 \\ (270) \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 10 \\ & (253) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline 25.6 \\ (652) \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 24.8 \\ & (632) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 24.8 \\ & (630) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 7.42 \\ & (188.5) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 7.42 \\ & (188.5) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline .9 \\ & (23) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline .78 \\ (20) \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l} \hline 10.1 \\ (257) \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 4.6 \\ & (117) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline .25 \\ & (5.5) \end{aligned}$ |
|  | 480 V |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 575 V |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| FR8 | 480 V | $\begin{aligned} & 11.22 \\ & (285) \end{aligned}$ | - | $\begin{aligned} & 13.97 \\ & (355) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline 13 \\ (330) \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 32.75 \\ & (832) \end{aligned}$ | - | $\begin{aligned} & 29.33 \\ & (745) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 10.15 \\ & (258) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 10.43 \\ & (265) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline 1.7 \\ (43) \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline 2.24 \\ (57) \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 11.3 \\ & \text { (288) } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 4.33 \\ & (110) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline .35 \\ & \text { (9) } \end{aligned}$ |
|  | 575V |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |



Figure A-11: FR9 Enclosure Dimensions
Table A-10: FR9 Enclosure Dimensions

| Frame Size | Voltage | \|lpproximate Dimensions in Inches (mm) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | W1 | W2 | W3 | W4 | W5 | H1 | H2 | H3 | H4 | H5 | H6 ${ }^{(1)}$ | D1 | D2 | D3 | Dia. |
| FR9 | 480 V | $\begin{aligned} & 18.8 \\ & (480) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 15.75 \\ & (400) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline 6.5 \\ (165) \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline .35 \\ & \text { (9) } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 2.12 \\ & (54) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 45.27 \\ & (1150) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline 44 \\ (1120) \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 28.3 \\ & (721) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline 8 \\ (205) \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline .62 \\ & (16) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline 7.4 \\ (188) \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 14.25 \\ & (362) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 13.38 \\ & (340) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 11.22 \\ & (285) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline .82 \\ (21) \end{array}$ |
|  | 575 V |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

(1) Brake resistor terminal box (H6) included when brake chopper ordered.

June 2009


Figure A-12: FR9 with Flange Kit Enclosure Dimensions
Table A-11: FR9 with Flange Kit Enclosure Dimensions

| Frame Size | Voltage | Approximate Dimensions in Inches (mm) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | W1 | W2 | W3 | W4 | W5 | H1 | H2 | H3 | H4 | H5 | H6 | H7 | D1 | D2 | D3 | Dia. |
| FR9 | 480 V | $\begin{array}{\|l} \hline 20.9 \\ (530) \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline 20 \\ (510) \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 19.1 \\ & (485) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 7.9 \\ & (200) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline .22 \\ & (5.5) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline 51.7 \\ (1312) \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline 45.3 \\ (1150) \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 16.5 \\ & (420) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 3.9 \\ & (100) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 1.4 \\ & (35) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l} \hline .35 \\ \text { (9) } \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & .08 \\ & (2) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 24.9 \\ & (362) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 13.4 \\ & (340) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 4.3 \\ & (109) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l} \hline .8 \\ (21) \end{array}$ |
|  | 575 V |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

```
Power Unit - SPX9000 FR10 - FR14
```



Figure A-13: SPX9000 Dimensions, FR10 Open Chassis
Table A-12: Dimensions for SPX9000, FR10 Open Chassis

| Frame Size | Voltage | hp ( $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{H}}$ ) | Approximate Dimensions in Inches (mm) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | W1 | W2 | W3 | W4 | W5 | H1 | H2 | H3 | H4 |
| FR10 | 480V | 250-350 | $\begin{aligned} & 19.7 \\ & (500) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline 16.7 \\ (425) \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline 1.2 \\ (30) \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline 2.6 \\ (67) \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 12.8 \\ & (325) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 45.9 \\ & (1165) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline 44.1 \\ (1121) \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline 34.6 \\ (879) \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline 33.5 \\ (850) \end{array}$ |
|  | 575 V | 200-300 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Table A-12: Dimensions for SPX9000, FR10 Open Chassis (Continued)

| Frame Size | Voltage | hp ( $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{H}}$ ) | Approximate Dimensions in Inches (mm) |  |  |  |  |  |  | Weight Lbs. (kg) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | H5 | H6 | H7 | D1 | D2 | D3 | D4 |  |
| FR10 | 480 V | 250-350 | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline .7 \\ \hline(17) \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 24.7 \\ & (627) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 10.8 \\ & (275) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 19.9 \\ & (506) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 17.9 \\ & (455) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline 16.7 \\ (423) \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 16.6 \\ & (421) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline 518 \\ (235) \end{array}$ |
|  | 575 V | 200-300 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Note: SPX9000 FR12 is built of two FR10 modules.


Figure A-14: SPX9000 Dimensions, FR11 Open Chassis
Table A-13: Dimensions for SPX9000, FR11 Open Chassis

| Frame Size | Voltage | hp ( $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{H}}$ ) | Approximate Dimensions in Inches (mm) |  |  |  |  |  |  | Weight Lbs. (kg) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | W1 | W2 | W3 | H1 | H2 | D1 | D2 |  |
| FR11 | 480 V | 400-550 | $\begin{aligned} & 27.9 \\ & \text { (709) } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline 8.6 \\ (225) \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 2.6 \\ & (67) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 45.5 \\ & (1155) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 33.5 \\ & (850) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 19.8 \\ & (503) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 18.4 \\ & (468) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline 833 \\ (378) \end{array}$ |
|  | 575 V | 400-500 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |



Figure A-15: SPX9000 Dimensions, FR13 Open Chassis Inverter
Table A-14: Dimensions for SPX9000, FR13 Open Chassis Inverter

| Frame <br> Size | Approximate Dimensions in Inches (mm) |  | W1 | W2 | W3 | W4 | W5 | H1 | H2 | H3 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | 27.87 | 5.91 | 26.65 | 4.57 | 3.35 | 41.54 | H4 | H5 |  |  |
|  | $(708)$ | $(150)$ | $(677)$ | $(116)$ | $(85)$ | $(1055)$ | $(62.5)$ | 39.86 | 41.34 | .79 |
|  | (7012.5) | $(1050)$ | $(20)$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Table A-14: Dimensions for SPX9000, FR13 Open Chassis Inverter (Continued)

| Frame Size | Approximate Dimensions in Inches (mm) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Weight Lbs. (kg) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | D1 | D2 | D3 | D4 | D5 | D6 | D7 | D8 | Dia. $1$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Dia. } \\ & 2 \end{aligned}$ | Dia. <br> 3 | $\begin{array}{\|l} \hline \text { Dia. } \\ 4 \\ \hline \end{array}$ |  |
| FR13 | $\begin{aligned} & 21.77 \\ & (553) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline .51 \\ (13) \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline .63 \\ \hline(16) \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 1.97 \\ & (50) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline 1.06 \\ (27) \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline 1.57 \\ (40) \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 5.91 \\ & (150) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 9.64 \\ & (244.8) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l} \hline .35 \times .59 \\ (9 \times 15) \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline .18 \\ (4.6) \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline .51 \\ \hline(13) \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline .37 \\ (9.5) \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 683 \\ & (310) \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |

Note: 9000X FR14 is built of two FR13 modules.
Note: FR13 is built from an inverter module and a converter module.


Figure A-16: SPX9000 Dimensions, FR13 Open Chassis Converter
Table A-15: FR13 - Number of Input Units

| 480V | hp | Input Modules | 690V | hp | Input Modules |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| SPX800A0-4A2N1 | 800 | 2 | SPX800A0-5A2N1 | 800 | 2 |
|  |  |  | SPX900A0-5A2N1 | 900 | 2 |
|  |  |  | SPXH10A0-5A2N1 | 1000 | 2 |

Table A-16: Dimensions for SPX9000, FR13 Open Chassis Converter

| Frame <br> Size | Approximate Dimensions in Inches (mm) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | W1 | W2 | W3 | W4 | W5 | H1 | H2 | H3 | H4 | H5 | D1 | D2 |
| FR13 | 18.74 | 5.91 | 17.52 | 4.57 | 3.35 | 41.54 | 2.46 | 39.86 | 41.34 | .69 | 14.69 | .51 |
|  | $(476)$ | $(150)$ | $(445)$ | $(116)$ | $(85)$ | $(1055)$ | $(62.5)$ | $(1012.5)$ | $(1050)$ | $(17.5)$ | $(373)$ | $(13)$ |

Table A-16: Dimensions for SPX9000, FR13 Open Chassis Converter (Continued)

| Frame <br> Size | Approximate Dimensions in Inches (mm) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | D3 | D4 | D5 | D6 | D7 | D8 | D9 | Dia. 1 | Dia. 2 | Dia. 3 | Weight <br> Lbs. (kg) |
| FR13 | .73 | 6.42 | 2.56 | 1.06 | 1.57 | 5.91 | 5.24 | $.35 x .59$ | .51 | .37 | 295 |
|  | $(18.5)$ | $(163)$ | $(65)$ | $(27)$ | $(40)$ | $(150)$ | $(133)$ | $(9 x 15)$ | $(13)$ | $(9.5)$ | $(134)$ |



Figure A-17: SPX9000 Dimensions, FR13 Open Chassis Converter - 900/1000 hp 480V
Table A-17: FR13 - Number of Input Units

| 480V | hp | Input Modules |
| :--- | ---: | :--- |
| SPX900A0-4A2N1 | 900 | 3 |
| SPXH10A0-4A2N1 | 1000 | 3 |

Table A-18: Dimensions for SPX9000, FR13 Open Chassis Converter - 900/1000 hp 480V

| $\begin{array}{\|l} \text { Frame } \\ \text { Size } \end{array}$ | Approximate Dimensions in Inches (mm) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | W1 | W2 | W3 | W4 | W5 | H1 | H2 | H3 | H4 | H5 | D1 | D2 | D3 |
| FR13 | $\begin{aligned} & 27.87 \\ & (708) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 5.91 \\ & (150) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|l\|} \hline 26.65 \\ (677) \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \hline \begin{array}{l} 4.57 \\ (116) \end{array} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l} 3.35 \\ (85) \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 41.54 \\ & (1055) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 2.46 \\ & (62.5) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 39.86 \\ & (1012.5) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 41.34 \\ & (1050) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 69 \\ & (17.5) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 14.69 \\ & (373) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline .51 \\ & (13) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & .73 \\ & (18.5) \end{aligned}$ |

Table A-18: Dimensions for SPX9000, FR13 Open Chassis Converter - 900/1000 hp 480V (Continued)

| Frame Size | Approximate Dimensions in Inches (mm) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Weight Lbs. (kg) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | D4 | D5 | D6 | D7 | D8 | D9 | Dia. 1 | Dia. 2 | Dia. 3 | Dia. 4 |  |
| FR13 | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 6.42 \\ & (163) \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 2.56 \\ & (65) \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline 1.06 \\ \text { (27) } \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline 1.57 \\ (40) \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 5.91 \\ & (150) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline 5.24 \\ (133) \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 35 \times .59 \\ & (9 \times 15) \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 18 \\ & \hline(4.6) \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline .51 \\ (13) \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline .37 \\ & (9.5) \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline 443 \\ (201) \\ \hline \end{array}$ |

```
AC Choke - CHK0650
```



Figure A-18: AC Choke (CHK0650) Dimensions Approximate Dimensions in Inches (mm)


Figure A-19: AC Choke (CHK0520) Dimensions Approximate Dimensions in Inches (mm)

```
AC Choke - CHK0400
```



Figure A-20: AC Choke (CHK0400) Dimensions Approximate Dimensions in Inches (mm)


Figure A-21: AC Choke (CHK0261) Dimensions
Approximate Dimensions in Inches (mm)

Control Unit - SPX9000 FR10 - FR14


Figure A-22: Control Unit Dimensions Approximate Dimensions in Inches (mm)


Figure A-23: Control Unit with Star-Coupler Board, FR12 or FR14 Only Approximate Dimensions in Inches (mm)

## EMC Capability

## General

For products used within the European Community (EC), the Electro Magnetic Compatibility (EMC) directive states that the electrical equipment must not disturb the environment and must be immune to other Electro Magnetic Disturbances in the environment.

The design intent was to develop a family of drives, which is user friendly and cost effective, while fulfilling the user's needs. EMC compliance was a major consideration from the outset of the design.
The SVX9000/SPX9000 drive series is targeted at the world market. To ensure maximum flexibility, yet meet the EMC needs of different regions, all drives meet the highest immunity levels, while emission levels meet the requirements noted in the following section.

## EMC Classification

The SVX9000/SPX9000 drive series are EMC classification H capable.

## Class H

SVX9000/SPX9000 drives have been designed to fulfill the requirements of the product standard EN 61800-3+A11 for the 1st environment restricted distribution and the 2nd environment.

The emission levels correspond to the requirements of EN 61000-6-4.
SVX9000/SPX9000 series drives fulfill all applicable EMC immunity requirements (standards EN 61000-6-1, EN 61000-6-2 and EN 61800-3+A11).

## Declaration of Conformity

The Manufacturer's Declarations of Conformity assuring the compliance of the SVX9000/ SPX9000 drives with the European Community (EC) EMC-directives is available upon request.

## Warranty and Liability Information

Eaton Electrical Inc. warrants the product delivered in the Cutler-Hammer shipping package to be free from defects in material and workmanship, under normal use and service, for twenty four (24) months from date of manufacturing. Products that fail during this period will be repaired or replaced at Eaton's discretion, with the same or a functionally equivalent product, provided the original purchaser (A) returns the failed product, and (B) provides proof of original date of purchase. This warranty does not apply, in the judgment of Eaton, to damage caused during shipment, handling, storage, or accidental misuse. The original purchaser of the product must obtain a Cutler-Hammer Return Material Authorization (RMA) number prior to returning any defective product. (When purchased through an Authorized Distributor, the Distributor should supply an RMA number to their customer.)

The maximum liability of this warranty is limited to the purchase price of the product. In no event, regardless of cause, shall Eaton Electrical Inc. be liable (a) for penalties or penalty clauses of any description, or (b) for certification not otherwise specifically provided herein and/or indemnification of purchaser or others for costs, damages or expenses, each arising out of or related to the product or services of any order or (c) for any damages resulting from loss of profits, use of products or for any incidental indirect or consequential damages, even if advised of the possibility of such damages.

## Appendix B — Fault and Warning Codes

The faults with one asterisk are "Fault" only. The faults with two asterisks can be programmed for different actions based on the chosen application. See the appropriate application manual for specific application details.

## Table B-1: Fault Codes

| Fault Code | Fault | Possible Cause | Solution |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | Overcurrent | The SVX9000/SPX9000 has detected a high current ( $>4 x \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{n}}$ ) in its output due to: <br> - sudden heavy load increase <br> - short in the motor <br> - short in the cables to the motor <br> - unsuitable motor | Check loading. Check motor. Check cables. |
| 2 | Overvoltage | The DC-link voltage has exceeded its high limit due to: <br> - too short a deceleration time <br> - high voltage levels or surges in the utility supply | Make the deceleration time longer. Use a chopper and brake resistor (standard on some models, available as an option on others). <br> Correct utility supply voltage (level is too high). <br> Add input impedance to limit surges. |
| 3** | Ground (Earth) Fault | Current sensing indicates that the sum of motor phase currents is not zero. <br> - insulation failure in motor or motor cables | Check the motor and motor cables. |
| 5 | Charging Switch | The charging switch was open when the START command was been given due to: <br> - faulty operation <br> - component failure | Reset the fault and restart. Should the fault re-occur, contact your Cutler-Hammer distributor. |
| 6 | Emergency stop | An Emergency stop signal was received from one of the digital inputs | Determine the reason for the Emergency stop and remedy it. |
| 7 | Saturation trip | - defective component <br> - motor or motor cable short | Cannot be reset from the keypad. Switch off power. <br> If this fault appears simultaneously with Fault 1, check the motor and motor cables. <br> IF THE PROBLEM IS NOT IN THE MOTOR OR ITS CABLES, DO NOT RE-CONNECT POWER! <br> Contact your Cutler-Hammer distributor. |
| 8 | System fault | - component failure <br> - faulty operation <br> Note: exceptional fault data record, see the Active Fault Menu and Fault Time Data Record for more information | Reset the fault and restart. Should the fault reoccur, contact your Cutler-Hammer distributor. |

Table B-1: Fault Codes (Continued)

| Fault Code | Fault | Possible Cause | Solution |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 9** | Undervoltage | DC-link voltage is less than the minimum safe operating voltage limit. <br> - most probable cause: too low a supply voltage <br> - SVX9000/SPX9000 internal fault | If there was a supply voltage loss or dip, reset the fault and restart the SVX9000/SPX9000. Check the supply voltage. If it was within specification at the time of the fault, an internal failure has occurred. <br> Contact your Eaton distributor. |
| 10** | Input line supervision | Input line phase is low or missing. | Check the utility supply voltage, cables and connections. |
| 11** | Output phase supervision | Current sensing indicates that there is no current in one motor phase. | Check the motor cables, connections and motor. |
| 12 | Brake chopper supervision | - no brake resistor installed <br> - brake resistor is open <br> - brake chopper failure | Check the brake resistor. If the resistor is ok, the chopper is faulty. Contact your Eaton distributor. |
| 13 | SVX9000/SPX9000 undertemperature | Heatsink temperature is under $14^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$ (-10으) | Provide supplemental heating or relocate the SVX9000/SPX9000 to a warmer location. |
| 14 | SVX9000/SPX9000 overtemperature | Heatsink temperature is over $194^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$ ( $90^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ). | An overtemperature warning is issued when the heatsink temperature exceeds $185^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\left(85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$, a fault occurs at $194^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\left(90^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$. Check for the correct amount and unrestricted flow of cooling air. <br> Check the heatsink for dust or dirt buildup. <br> Check the highest ambient temperature level. <br> Make sure that the switching frequency is not set too high in relation to ambient temperature and motor load. |
| 15** | Motor stalled | - motor or load mechanical failure <br> - load is too high <br> - stall parameter settings incorrect | Check motor, mechanical system and load level. <br> Confirm the stall parameter settings. |
| 16** | Motor overtemperature | - motor is overloaded <br> - motor overheating has been detected by the SVX9000/ SPX9000 motor temperature model | Decrease the motor load. If no motor overload exists, check the temperature model parameters. |
| 17** | Motor underload | - mechanical or load problems <br> - underload parameter settings incorrect | Check the motor. Check for a loose belt, broken coupling or load problems. Confirm the underload parameter settings. |
| 22 | EEPROM checksum fault | Parameter save fault <br> - faulty operation <br> - component failure | Upon reset of this fault, the SVX9000/ SPX9000 will automatically reload the parameter default settings. Check all parameter settings after reset. If the fault reoccurs, contact your Eaton distributor. |

Table B-1: Fault Codes (Continued)

| Fault Code | Fault | Possible Cause | Solution |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 24* | Counter fault | Values displayed on the counters are incorrect |  |
| 25 | Microprocessor watchdog fault | - faulty operation <br> - component failure | Reset the fault and restart. <br> Should the fault reoccur, contact your Eaton distributor. |
| 26 | Startup prevented | Startup of the drive has been prevented | Check Start Enable/Interlock settings. |
| 29** | Thermistor fault | The thermistor input of an option board has detected a high motor temperature | Check the motor cooling and the motor loading. <br> Check the thermistor connection. (If the thermistor input of an option board is not being used, it must be short-circuited). |
| 31 | IGBT temperature (hardware) | IGBT Inverter Bridge overtemperature protection has detected a high short-term overload current | Check loading. Check motor size. |
| 32 | Fan cooling | The SVX9000/SPX9000 cooling fan did not start when commanded | Contact your Eaton distributor. |
| 34 | CAN bus communication | Sent message not acknowledged | Ensure that there is another device on the bus with the appropriate configuration. |
| 36 | Control unit | The control unit cannot control the power unit and vice-versa | Change the control unit. |
| 37* | Device change (same type) | - option board changed <br> - different power rating of drive | Reset. <br> Note: No Fault Time Data Record is made. |
| 38* | Device added (same type) | - option board added <br> - drive of different power rating added | Reset. <br> Note: No Fault Time Data Record is made. |
| 39* | Device removed | - option board removed <br> - drive removed | Reset. <br> Note: No Fault Time Data Record is made. |
| 40 | Device unknown | Unknown option board or drive | Contact your Eaton distributor. |
| 41 | IGBT temperature | IGBT Inverter Bridge overtemperature protection has detected a high short-term overload current | Check loading. Check motor size. |
| 42** | Brake resistor overtemperature | Brake resistor overtemperature protection has detected excessive braking | Set the deceleration time longer. Use an external brake resistor. |

Table B-1: Fault Codes (Continued)

| Fault Code | Fault | Possible Cause | Solution |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 43 | Encoder fault | Note: exceptional fault data record, see the Active Fault Menu and Fault Time Data Record for more information. Additional codes: <br> 1 = Encoder 1 channel $A$ is missing <br> 2 = Encoder 1 channel $B$ is missing <br> 3 = Both encoder 1 channels are missing <br> 4 = Encoder reversed | Check encoder channel connections. Check the encoder board. |
| 44* | Device change (different type) | - option board changed <br> - different power rating of drive | Reset. <br> Note: No Fault Time Data Record is made. <br> Note: Application parameter values restored to default. |
| 45* | Device added (different type) | - option board added <br> - drive of different power rating added | Reset. <br> Note: No Fault Time Data Record is made. <br> Note: Application parameter values restored to default. |
| 50** | Analog input $\mathrm{I}_{\text {in }}<4 \mathrm{~mA}$ (for the signal range 4 to 20 mA ) | Current at the analog input is $<4 \mathrm{~mA}$. <br> - control cable is broken or loose <br> - signal source has failed | Check the current loop, signal source and wiring. |
| 51 | External fault | Digital input set as an external fault input has been triggered | Check source of trigger. |
| 52 | Keypad communication fault | The connection between the control keypad and the SVX9000/SPX9000 has been lost | Check the keypad connection and keypad cable. |
| 53 | Communication bus fault | The data connection between the communication bus master and the communication bus board has failed | Check installation. <br> If installation is correct contact your Eaton distributor. |
| 54 | Slot fault | Defective option board or slot | Check that the board is properly installed and seated in slot. If the installation is correct, contact your Eaton distributor. |
| 56 | PT100 board temperature fault | Temperature limit values set for the PT100 board parameters have been exceeded | Determine the cause of the high temperature. |

## Appendix C — Troubleshooting Charts Using Fault Codes

F1 - Overcurrent


Figure C-1: F1 — Overcurrent

## F2 - Overvoltage



Figure C-2: F2 - Overvoltage

F3 - Earth Fault


Figure C-3: F3 - Earth Fault

F5 - Charging Switch


Figure C-4: F5 — Charging Switch

F6 - Emergency Stop


Figure C-5: F6 - Emergency Stop

F7 - Saturation Trip


Figure C-6: F7 — Saturation Trip

F8 - System Fault


Figure C-7: F8 — System Fault

## F9 - Undervoltage



Figure C-8: F9 — Undervoltage

F10 - Input Line Supervision


Figure C-9: F10 - Input Line Supervision

## F11 - Output Phase Supervision



Figure C-10: F11 - Output Phase Supervision

F12 - Brake Chopper Supervision


Figure C-11: F12 - Brake Chopper Supervision

## F13 - Frequency Converter Under Temperature



Figure C-12: F13 - Frequency Converter Under Temperature

F14 - Frequency Converter Over Temperature


Figure C-13: F14 - Frequency Converter Over Temperature

F15 - Motor Stalled


Figure C-14: F15 — Motor Stalled

F16 - Motor Over Temperature


Figure C-15: F16 - Motor Over Temperature

F17 - Motor Under Load


Figure C-16: F17 — Motor Under Load

F22 - Param Fault


Figure C-17: F22 — Param Fault

F24 - Counter Fault


Figure C-18: F24 - Counter Fault

## F25 - Microprocessor Watchdog Fault



Figure C-19: F25 - Microprocessor Watchdog Fault

F31 - IGBT Temperature (Hardware)


Figure C-20: F31 - IGBT Temperature (Hardware)

## F32 - Fan Cooling



Figure C-21: F32 - Fan Cooling

F36 - Control Unit


Figure C-22: F36 - Control Unit
F37 - Device Change


Figure C-23: F37 — Device Change (Indication Only)

## F38 - Device Added



Figure C-24: F38 — Device Added (Indication Only)

## F39 - Device Removed



Figure C-25: F39 - Device Removed (Indication Only)

F40 - Device Unknown


Figure C-26: F40 — Device Unknown

F41 - IGBT Temperature


Figure C-27: F41 — IGBT Temperature

F42 - Brake Resistor Over Temperature


Figure C-28: F42 - Brake Resistor Over Temperature

## F44 — DevParChange



Figure C-29: F44 — DevParChange

F45 — DevParAdded


Figure C-30: F45 — DevParAdded

F50 - Analog Input $I_{\text {in }}<4 \mathrm{~mA}$


Figure C-31: F50 - Analog Input $\mathrm{I}_{\text {in }}<4 \mathrm{~mA}$

F51 - External Fault


Figure C-32: F51 - External Fault

## F52 - Keypad Communication Fault



Figure C-33: F52 - Keypad Communication Fault

## Appendix D - Spare Parts

## Series Option Board Kits

The 9000X Series drives can accommodate a wide selection of expander and adapter option boards to customize the drive for your application needs. The drive's control unit is designed to accept a total of five option boards (see Figure D-1).
The 9000X Series factory installed standard board configuration includes an A9 I/O board and an A2 relay output board, which are installed in slots A and B.


Figure D-1: 9000X Series Option Boards
Table D-1: Option Board Kits

| Option Kit Description | Allowed Slot Locations | Field Installed <br> Catalog Number | Factory Installed <br> Option Designator | 9000X Ready Programs |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | Basic | Local/ Remote | Standard | MSS | PID | Multi-P. | PFC |

Standard I/O Cards (See Figure D-1)

| 2 RO (NC/NO) | B | OPTA2 | - | $X$ | $X$ | $X$ | $X$ | $X$ | $X$ | $X$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 6 DI, 1 DO, 2 AI, 1AO, 1 <br> +10V DC ref, 2 ext +24V DC/ <br> EXT +24V DC | A | OPTA9 | - | $X$ | $X$ | $X$ | $X$ | $X$ | $X$ | $X$ |

Extended I/O Card Options

| 2 RO, Therm | B | OPTA3 | A3 | - | X | X | X | X | X | X |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Encoder low volt +5V/15V24V | C | OPTA4 | A4 | - | X | X | X | X | X | X |
| Encoder high volt +15V/24V | C | OPTA5 | A5 | - | X | X | X | X | X | X |
| Double encoder - SPX Only | C | OPTA7 | A7 | X | X | X | X | X | X | X |
| 6 DI, 1 DO, 2 AI, 1 AO | A | OPTA8 | A8 | - | X | X | X | X | X | X |
| 3 DI (Encoder 10 - 24V), <br> Out +15V/+24V, 2 DO <br> (pulse+direction) - SPX Only | C | OPTAE | AE | X | X | X | X | X | X | X |

[^3](2) $\mathrm{AI}=$ Analog Input; $\mathrm{AO}=$ Analog Output, $\mathrm{DI}=$ Digital Input, $\mathrm{DO}=$ Digital Output, RO = Relay Output

Table D-1: Option Board Kits (Continued)

| Option Kit Description | Allowed Slot Locations | Field <br> Installed <br> Catalog <br> Number | Factory Installed <br> Option Designator | 9000X Ready Programs |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | Basic | Local/ Remote | Standard | MSS | PID | Multi-P. | PFC |

Extended I/O Card Options (Continued)

| $\begin{aligned} & 6 \mathrm{DI}, 1 \text { ext +24V DC/EXT } \\ & +24 \mathrm{~V} \text { DC } \end{aligned}$ | B, C, D, E | OPTB1 | B1 | - | - | - | - | - | X | X |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\begin{aligned} & 1 \mathrm{RO}(\mathrm{NC} / \mathrm{NO}), 1 \mathrm{RO}(\mathrm{NO}), \\ & 1 \text { Therm } \end{aligned}$ | B, C, D, E | OPTB2 | B2 | - | - | - | - | - | X | X |
| 1 Al (mA isolated), 2 AO (mA isolated), 1 ext +24V DC/ EXT + 24V DC | B, C, D, E | OPTB4 | B4 | - | X | X | X | X | X | X |
| 3 RO (NO) | B, C, D, E | OPTB5 | B5 | - | - | - | - | - | X | X |
| $\begin{aligned} & 1 \text { ext +24V DC/EXT +24V DC, } \\ & 3 \text { Pt100 } \end{aligned}$ | B, C, D, E | OPTB8 | B8 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| $\begin{aligned} & 1 \mathrm{RO}(\mathrm{NO}), 5 \mathrm{DI} 42-240 \mathrm{~V} \mathrm{AC} \\ & \text { Input } \end{aligned}$ | B,C, D, E | OPTB9 | B9 | - | - | - | - | - | X | X |
| SPI, Absolute Encoder | C | OPTBB | BB | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |

Communication Cards ${ }^{(8)}$

| Modbus | D, E | OPTC2 | C2 | X | X | X | X | X | X | X |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Johnson Controls N2 | D, E | OPTC2 | CA | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Modbus TCP | D, E | OPTCI | CI | X | X | X | X | X | X | X |
| BACnet | D, E | OPTCJ | CJ | X | X | X | X | X | X | X |
| Ethernet IP | D, E | OPTCK | CK | X | X | X | X | X | X | X |
| Profibus DP | D, E | OPTC3 | C3 | X | X | X | X | X | X | X |
| LonWorks | D, E | OPTC4 | C4 | X | X | X | X | X | X | X |
| Profibus DP (D9 Connector) | D, E | OPTC5 | C5 | X | X | X | X | X | X | X |
| CanOpen (Slave) | D, E | OPTC6 | C6 | X | X | X | X | X | X | X |
| DeviceNet | D, E | OPTC7 | C7 | X | X | X | X | X | X | X |
| Modbus (D9 Type Connector) | D, E | OPTC8 | C8 | X | X | X | X | X | X | X |
| Adapter - SPX Only | D, E | OPTD1 | D1 | X | X | X | X | X | X | X |
| Adapter - SPX Only | D, E | OPTD2 | D2 | X | X | X | X | X | X | X |
| RS-232 with D9 Connection | D, E | OPTD3 | D3 | X | X | X | X | X | X | X |

## Keypad

| 9000X Series Local/Remote <br> Keypad (Replacement Keypad) | - | KEYPAD- <br> LOC/REM | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 9000X Series Remote Mount <br> Keypad Unit (Keypad not <br> included, includes 10 ft. cable, <br> keypad holder, mounting <br> hardware) | - | OPTRMT <br> -KIT- <br> 9000X | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 9000X Series RS-232 Cable, <br> $13 \mathrm{ft}$. | - | PP00104 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |

(1) Option card must be installed in one of the slots listed for that card. Slot indicated in Bold is the preferred location.
(2) $\mathrm{AI}=$ Analog Input; $\mathrm{AO}=$ Analog Output, $\mathrm{DI}=$ Digital Input, $\mathrm{DO}=$ Digital Output, RO = Relay Output
${ }^{(3)}$ OPTC2 is a multi-protocol option card.

## Johnson Controls Metasys ${ }^{\text {TM }}$ N2 Network Communications

The OPTC2 fieldbus board provides communication between the 9000X Drive and a Johnson Controls Metasys ${ }^{\text {TM }}$ N2 network. With this connection, the drive can be controlled, monitored and programmed from the Metasys system. The N2 fieldbus is available as a factory installed option and as a field installable kit.

## Modbus/TCP Network Communications

The Modbus/TCP Network Card OPTCI is used for connecting the 9000X Drive to Ethernet networks utilizing Modbus protocol. It includes an RJ-45 pluggable connector. This interface provides a selection of standard and custom register values to communicate drive parameters. The board supports 10 Mbps and 100 Mbps communication speeds. The IP address of the board is configurable over Ethernet using a supplied software tool.

## BACnet Network Communications

The BACnet Network Card OPTCJ is used for connecting the 9000X Drive to BACnet networks. It includes a 5.08 mm pluggable connector. Data transfer is Master-Slave/Token Passing (MS/TP) RS-485. This interface uses a collection of 30 Binary Value Objects (BVOs) and 35 Analog Value Objects (AVOs) to communicate drive parameters. The card supports 9.6, 19.2 and 38.4 Kbaud communication speeds and supports network addresses 1 - 127 .

## Ethernet/IP Network Communications

The Ethernet/IP Network Card OPTCK is used for connecting the 9000X Drive to Ethernet/ Industrial Protocol networks. It includes an RJ-45 pluggable connector. The interface uses CIP objects to communicate drive parameters (CIP is "Common Industrial Protocol", the same protocol used by DeviceNet). The board supports 10 Mbps and 100 Mbps communication speeds. The IP address of the board is configurable by Static, BOOTP and DHCP methods.

## Modbus RTU Network Communications

The Modbus Network Card OPTC2 is used for connecting the 9000X Drive as a slave on a Modbus network. The interface is connected by a 9-pin DSUB connector (female) and the baud rate ranges from 300 to 19200 baud. Other communication parameters include an address range from 1 to 247; a parity of None, Odd or Even; and the stop bit is 1.

## Profibus Network Communications

The Profibus Network Card OPTC3 is used for connecting the 9000X Drive as a slave on a Profibus-DP network. The interface is connected by a 9 -pin DSUB connector (female). The baud rates range from 9.6 K baud to 12 M baud, and the addresses range from 1 to 127.

## LonWorks Network Communications

The LonWorks Network Card OPTC4 is used for connecting the 9000X Drive on a LonWorks network. This interface uses Standard Network Variable Types (SNVT) as data types. The channel connection is achieved using a FTT-10A Free Topology transceiver via a single twisted transfer cable. The communication speed with LonWorks is $78 \mathrm{kBits} / \mathrm{s}$.

## CanOpen (Slave) Communications

The CanOpen (Slave) Network Card OPTC6 is used for connecting the 9000X Drive to a host system. According to ISO11898 standard cables to be chosen for CAN bus should have a nominal impedance of $120 \Omega$, and specific line delay of nominal $5 \mathrm{nS} / \mathrm{m}$. $120 \Omega$ line termination resistors required for installation.

## DeviceNet Network Communications

The DeviceNet Network Card OPTC7 is used for connecting the 9000X Drive on a DeviceNet Network. It includes a 5.08 mm pluggable connector. Transfer method is via CAN using a 2 -wire twisted shielded cable with 2 -wire bus power cable and drain. The baud rates used for communication include 125 K baud, 250 K baud and 500 K baud.

## Drive Options

## Control Panel Options

Table D-2: Control Panel Factory Options

|  | Factory <br> Installed | Field Installed |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Description <br> Coption |  |  |
| Local/Remote Keypad SVX9000 Control Panel - This option is <br> standard on all drives and consists of an RS-232 connection, backlit <br> alphanumeric LCD display with nine indicators for the RUN status and <br> two indicators for the control source. The nine pushbuttons on the <br> panel are used for panel programming and monitoring of all 9000X <br> parameters. The panel is detachable and isolated from the input line <br> potential. Include LOC/REM key to choose control location. | A | KEYPAD-LOC/REM |
| Keypad Remote Mounting Kit - This option is used to remote mount <br> the 9000X keypad. The footprint is compatible to the SV9000 remote <br> mount kit. Includes 10 ft. cable, keypad holder and mounting hardware. | - |  |
| Keypad Blank - 9000X Series select keypad for use with special and <br> custom applications. | - | KEYPAD-BLANK |
| 9000XDrive - A PC-based tool for controlling and monitoring of the <br> 9000X. Features include: loading parameters that can be saved to a file <br> or printed, setting references, starting and stopping the motor, <br> monitoring signals in graphical or text form, and real-time display. To <br> avoid damage to the drive or computer, SVDrivecable must be used. | - | 9000XDRIVE |
| SVDrivecable - 6 ft. (1.8m) RS-232 cable (22 gauge) with a 7-pin <br> connector on each end. Should be used in conjunction with the 9000X <br> Drive option to avoid damage to the drive or computer. The same cable <br> can be used for downloading specialized applications to the drive. | - |  |

## Spare Units \& Replacement Parts for 9000X Drives

Table D-3: 9000X Spare Units

| Description | Catalog <br> Number |
| :--- | :--- |

Control Unit - Includes the control board, blue base housing, installed 9000X software program and blue flip cover. Does not include any OPT boards or keypad. See Figure D-1 and Table D-1 (Page D-1) for standard and option boards and keypad.

$$
208-240 V
$$

Table D-4: Replacement Parts - 9000X Drives, 208 - 240V

| Frame: | 4 |  |  |  |  | 5 |  |  | 6 |  | 7 |  |  | 8 |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| hp ( $\mathrm{l}_{\mathrm{H}}$ ): | 3/4 | 1 | 1-1/2 | 2 | 3 | $5{ }^{\text {® }}$ | 5 | 7-1/2 | 10 | 15 | 20 | 25 | 30 | 40 | 50 | 60 | Number |

## Control Board

| 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | VB00252 (for SVX) |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | VB00561 (for SPX) |

## Power Boards

| 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | VB00308-0004-2 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | VB00308-0007-2 |
|  |  | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | VB00308-0008-2 |
|  |  |  | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | VB00310-0011-2 |
|  |  |  |  | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | VB00310-0012-2 |
|  |  |  |  | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | VB00313-0017-2 |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | VB00313-0025-2 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | VB00313-0031-2 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | VB00316-0048-2 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  | VB00316-0061-2 |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1 |  |  |  |  |  | VB00319-0075-2 |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1 |  |  |  |  | VB00319-0088-2 |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1 |  |  | VB00322-0140-2 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

## Electrolytic Capacitors

| 2 | 2 | 2 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | PP01000 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  |  |  | 2 | 2 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | PP01001 |
|  |  |  |  |  | 2 | 2 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | PP01002 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 2 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | PP01003 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 2 | 2 |  |  |  |  |  |  | PP01004 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 2 | 2 | 2 | 4 | 4 |  | PP01005 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 4 | PP01099 |

[^4]Table D-4: Replacement Parts - 9000X Drives, 208-240V (Continued)

| Frame: | 4 |  |  |  |  | 5 |  |  | 6 |  | 7 |  |  | 8 |  |  | Catalog Number |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| hp ( $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{H}}$ ): | 3/4 | 1 | 1-1/2 | 2 | 3 | 5 ( ${ }^{\text {® }}$ | 5 | 7-1/2 | 10 | 15 | 20 | 25 | 30 | 40 | 50 | 60 |  |
| Cooling Fans |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | PP01060 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | 1 | 1 | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | PP01061 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1 | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  | PP01062 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1 | 1 | 1 |  |  |  | PP01063 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1 | 1 | 1 | PP01123 © ${ }^{\text {® }}$ |
|  | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | PP01086 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  | PP01088 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1 | 1 | 1 |  |  |  | PP01049 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1 | 2 | 2 | CP01180 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1 | 1 | 1 | PP08037 |

IGBT Modules

| 1 | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | CP01304 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  |  | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | CP01305 |
|  |  |  | 1 | 1 | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | CP01306 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | CP01307 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | CP01308 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | PP01022 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  | PP01023 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1 |  |  |  |  |  | PP01024 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1 |  |  |  |  | PP01025 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1 |  |  |  | PP01029 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1 |  |  | PP01026 |

## Choppers/Rectifiers



Diode/Thyristor Modules

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 3 | 3 | 3 |  |  |  | PP01035 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 3 | 3 | 3 | CP01268 |

Rectifying Boards

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1 | 1 | 1 |  |  |  | VB00242 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1 | 1 | 1 | VB00227 |

[^5](2) PP00061 capacitor not included in main fan; please order separately.

9000X AF Drives User Manual

June 2009

FR4 - FR9, 380 - 500V
Table D-5: Replacement Parts - FR4 - FR9 9000X Drives, 380 - 500V

| Frame: | 4 |  |  |  |  | 5 |  |  | 6 |  |  | 7 |  |  | 8 |  |  | 9 |  | Catalog Number |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| hp ( $\mathrm{l}_{\mathrm{H}}$ ): | 1 | 1-1/2 | 2 | 5 | 7-1/2 © | 7-1/2 | 10 | 15 | 20 | 25 | 30 | 40 | 50 | 60 | 75 | 100 | 125 | 150 | 200 |  | Control Board


| 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | VB00252 (for SVX) |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | VB00561 (for SPX) |

Power Boards

| 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | VB00208-0003-5 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | VB00208-0004-5 |  |
|  |  | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | VB00208-0005-5 |
|  |  | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | VB00208-0007-5 |  |
|  |  | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | VB00208-0009-5 |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | VB00210-0012-5 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | VB00213-0022-5 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | VB00213-0031-5 |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | VB00216-0038-5 |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | VB00216-0061-5 |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  | VB00219-0087-5 |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1 |  |  |

## Electrolytic Capacitors

| 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

Cooling Fans

| 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | PP01060 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | 1 | 1 | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | PP01061 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1 | 1 | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | PP01062 |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1 | 1 | 1 |  |  |  |  |  | PP01063 |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1 | 1 | 1 |  |  | PP01123 (2) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1 | 1 | PP01080 (3) |  |

[^6]Table D-5: Replacement Parts - FR4 - FR9 9000X Drives, 380 - 500V (Continued)

| Frame: | 4 |  |  |  |  | 5 |  |  | 6 |  |  | 7 |  |  | 8 |  |  | 9 | Catalog <br> Number |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| hp ( $\mathrm{l}_{\mathrm{H}}$ ): | 1 | 1-1/2 | 2 | 35 | 7-1/2 © | 7-1/2 | 10 | 15 | 20 | 25 | 30 | 40 | 50 | 60 | 75 | 100 | 125 |  |  |

## Cooling Fans (Continued)

| 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | PP01086 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  |  |  |  |  | 1 | 1 | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | PP01088 |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |  |  |  |  |  | PP01049 |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1 | 1 | 1 |  |  | CP01180 |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1 © | 2 | 2 | PP01068 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1 | 1 | PP09051 |  |

IGBT Modules

| 1 | 1 | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| CP01304 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | 1 | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | CP01305 |  |
|  |  |  |  | 1 | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | CP01306 |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | CP01307 |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | CP01308 |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | 1 | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | PP01022 |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | PP01023 |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | PP01024 |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  | PP01025 |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1 |  |  |  |  |  | PP01029 |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1 |  |  |  |  | PP01026 |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1 | 1 |  |  | PP01027 |  |  |

Chopper/Rectifiers

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1 | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | CP01367 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | CP01368 |

Diode/Thyristor Modules


Rectifying Boards


Rectifying Module Sub-assembly


Power Module Sub-assemblies

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1 |  | FR09-150-4-ANS (3) |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1 | FR09-200-4-ANS (3) |  |

[^7]June 2009

$$
\text { FR10 - FR12, } 380 \text { - } 500
$$

Table D-6: Replacement Parts - FR10 - FR12 9000X Drives, 380 - 500V

| Frame: | 10 |  |  | 11 |  |  | 12 |  |  | Catalog <br> Number |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| hp ( $\mathrm{l}_{\mathrm{H}}$ ): | 250 | 300 | 350 | 400 | 500 | 550 | 600 | 650 | 700 |  |
| Control Board |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | VB00561 |
| Shunt Boards |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 6 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | VB00537 |
|  |  | 6 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | VB00497 |
|  |  |  | 6 |  |  |  | 12 | 12 | 12 | VB00498 |
|  |  |  |  | 9 |  |  |  |  |  | VB00538 |
|  |  |  |  |  | 9 |  |  |  |  | VB00513 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | 9 |  |  |  | VB00514 |
|  | Driver Boards |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | 3 | 3 | 3 |  |  |  | VB00489 |
|  | 1 | 1 | 1 |  |  |  | 2 | 2 | 2 | VB00487 |
|  | Driver Adapter Board |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 1 | 1 | 1 |  |  |  | 2 | 2 | 2 | VB00330 |
|  | ASIC Board |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 2 | 2 | VB00451 |
|  | Feedback Interface Board |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 2 | 2 | 2 | VB00448 |
|  | Star Coupler Board |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1 | 1 | 1 | VB00336 |
|  | Power Modules |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 1 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | FR10820 ${ }^{\text {® }}$ |
|  | 2 | 2 | 2 |  |  |  |  |  |  | FR10828 |
|  | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | FR10-250-4-ANS ${ }^{\text {2 }}$ |
|  |  | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | FR10-300-4-ANS ${ }^{\text {2 }}$ |
|  |  |  | 1 |  |  |  | 2 | 2 | 2 | FR10-350-4-ANS ${ }^{\text {2 }}$ |
|  |  |  |  | 3 |  |  |  |  |  | FR11-400-4-ANS ${ }^{\text {2 }}$ |
|  |  |  |  |  | 3 |  |  |  |  | FR11-500-4-ANS ${ }^{\text {2 }}$ |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | 3 |  |  |  | FR11-550-4-ANS ${ }^{\text {2 }}$ |

[^8](2) See Table D-9 for details.

Table D-6: Replacement Parts - FR10 - FR12 9000X Drives, 380-500V (Continued)

| Frame: | 10 | 11 | 12 | Catalog |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| hp $\left(I_{\mathrm{H}}\right):$ | 250 | 300 | 350 | 400 | 500 | 550 | 600 | 650 | 700 | Number | 

Fuses

| 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 2 | 2 | PP01094 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 4 | 4 | 4 | PP01095 |

Cooling Fans and Isolation Transformers

| 2 | 2 | 2 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 4 | 4 | 4 | VB00299 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 2 | 2 | 2 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 4 | 4 | 4 | PP01080 $\left.{ }^{( }\right)$ |
| 2 | 2 | 2 |  |  |  | 4 | 4 | 4 | PP01068 |
| 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 2 | 2 | PP01096 |
| 1 | 1 | 1 |  |  |  | 2 | 2 | 2 | FR10844 |
| 1 | 1 | 1 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 2 | 2 | 2 | FR10845 |
| 1 | 1 | 1 |  |  |  | 2 | 2 | 2 | FR10846 |
| 1 | 1 | 1 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 2 | 2 | 2 | FR10847 |

Rectifying Board

| 1 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | VB00459 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

(1) PP00060 capacitor not included in main fan; please order separately.

FR6 - FR9, 525 - 690V
Table D-7: Replacement Parts - FR6 - FR9 9000X Drives, 525 - 690V

| Frame: | 6 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 7 |  | 8 |  |  | 9 |  |  |  | Catalog <br> Number |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| hp ( $\mathrm{l}_{\mathrm{H}}$ ): | 2 | 3 | 5 ( | 5 | 7-1/2 | 10 | 15 | 20 | 25 | 30 | 40 | 50 | 60 | 75 | 100 | 125 | 150 | 200 ( |  |
| Control Board |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | VB00252 (for SVX) |
|  | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | VB00561 (for SPX) |

## Driver Board

| 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | VB00404-0004-6 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | VB00404-0005-6 |
|  |  | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | VB00404-0007-6 |
|  |  |  | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | VB00404-0010-6 |
|  |  |  |  | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | VB00404-0013-6 |
|  |  |  |  |  | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | VB00404-0018-6 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | VB00404-0022-6 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | VB00404-0027-6 |

## Power Boards

| 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | VB00414 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | VB00419-0041-6 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | VB00419-0052-6 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  | VB00422-0062-6 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1 |  |  |  |  |  | VB00422-0080-6 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1 |  |  |  |  | VB00422-0100-6 |

## Power Modules

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1 |  |  |  | FR09-100-5-ANS (2) |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1 |  |  | FR09-125-5-ANS (2) |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1 |  | FR09-150-5-ANS (2) |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1 | FR09-175-5-ANS (2) |

Electrolytic Capacitors

| 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | PP01093 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 2 | 2 | 4 | 4 |  | 8 | 8 | 8 | 8 | PP01041 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 4 |  |  |  |  | PP01040 |

Fuses

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | PP01094 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | PP01095 |

[^9]Table D-7: Replacement Parts - FR6 - FR9 9000X Drives, 525 - 690V (Continued)

| Frame: | 6 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 7 |  | 8 |  |  | 9 |  |  |  | Catalog Number |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| hp ( $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{H}}$ ): | 2 | 3 | 5 ( | 5 | 7-1/2 | 10 | 15 | 20 | 25 | 30 | 40 | 50 | 60 | 75 | 100 | 125 | 150 | 200 ® |  |
|  | Cooling Fans |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | PP01061 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | PP01062 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1 | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | PP01063 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1 | 1 | 1 |  |  |  |  | PP01123 |
|  | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | PP01049 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1 | 1 | 1 |  |  |  |  | CP01180 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1 | 1 | 1 | $1{ }^{\text {® }}$ | PP01068 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | PP01080 |
|  | Fan Power Supply |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1 | 1 | 1 | VB00299 |
|  | IGBT Modules |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | PP01091 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1 | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | PP01089 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1 | 1 | 1 |  |  |  |  | PP01127 |
|  | IGBT/Diode (Brake) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | PP01040 |

## Diode Module

| 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | PP01092 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | Diode/Thyristor Modules


|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 3 | 3 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | PP01071 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | PP01072 |

Rectifying Boards

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1 | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | VB00442 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | VB00460 |

Rectifying Module Sub-assemblies

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1 | 1 | 1 | FR09810 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1 | 1 | 1 | FR09811 |

(1) $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{L}}$ only; has no corresponding $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{H}}$ rated hp rating.
(2) For NEMA Type 12, two PP01068 internal fans are needed.

June 2009

$$
\text { FR10 - FR12, } 525 \text { - 690V }
$$

Table D-8: Replacement Parts - FR10 - FR12 9000X Drives, 525 - 690V

| Frame: | 10 |  |  | 11 |  |  | 12 |  |  | Catalog <br> Number |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| hp ( $\mathrm{l}_{\mathrm{H}}$ ) | 200 | 250 | 300 | 400 | 450 | 500 | 550 | 600 | 700 |  |
| Control Board |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | VB00561 |
| Shunt Boards |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 6 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | VB00545 |
|  |  | 6 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | VB00510 |
|  |  |  | 6 |  |  |  | 12 | 12 | 12 | VB00511 |
|  |  |  |  | 9 |  |  |  |  |  | VB00546 |
|  |  |  |  |  | 9 |  |  |  |  | VB00547 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | 9 |  |  |  | VB00512 |

## Driver Boards

| 1 | 1 | 1 |  |  |  | 2 | 2 | 2 | VB00487 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  |  |  | 3 | 3 | 3 |  |  |  | VB00489 |

## Driver Adapter Board

| 1 | 1 | 1 |  |  |  | 2 | 2 | 2 | VB00330 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| ASIC Board |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1 1 1 1 1 1 2 2 2 | VB00451 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

## Feedback Interface Board

|  |  |  |  |  |  | 2 | 2 | 2 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

Star Coupler Board


## Power Modules

| 1 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | FR10821 © |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 2 | 2 | 2 |  |  |  |  |  |  | FR10829 |
| 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | FR10-200-5-ANS (2) |
|  | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | FR10-250-5-ANS (2) |
|  |  | 1 |  |  |  | 2 | 2 | 2 | FR10-300-5-ANS (2) |
|  |  |  | 3 |  |  |  |  |  | FR11-400-5-ANS (2) |
|  |  |  |  | 3 |  |  |  |  | FR11-450-5-ANS (2) |
|  |  |  |  |  | 3 |  |  |  | FR11-500-5-ANS (2) |

## Electrolytic Capacitors

| 2 | 2 | 2 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 4 | 4 | 4 | PP00060 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 12 | 12 | 12 | 18 | 18 | 18 | 24 | 24 | 24 | PP01099 |

[^10]Table D-8: Replacement Parts - FR10 - FR12 9000X Drives, 525-690V (Continued)

| Frame: | 10 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 11 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| hp $\left(I_{\mathrm{H}}\right):$ | 200 | 250 | 300 | 400 | 450 | 500 | 550 | 600 | 700 | Catalog |
| Number |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Cooling Fans and Isolation Transformers

| 2 | 2 | 2 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 4 | 4 | 4 | VB00299 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 2 | 2 | 2 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 4 | 4 | 4 | PP01080 ${ }^{\text {a }}$ |
| 2 | 2 | 2 |  |  |  | 4 | 4 | 4 | PP01068 |
| 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 2 | 2 | PP01096 |
| 1 | 1 | 1 |  |  |  | 2 | 2 | 2 | FR10844 |
| 1 | 1 | 1 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 2 | 2 | 2 | FR10845 |
| 1 | 1 | 1 |  |  |  | 2 | 2 | 2 | FR10846 |
| 1 | 1 | 1 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 2 | 2 | 2 | FR10847 |

Fan Power Supply

(1) PP00060 capacitor not included in main fan; please order separately.

## Power Module

Table D-9: Power Module Catalog Number Matrix


Eaton's electrical business is a global leader in power distribution, power quality, control, and industrial automation products and services. Eaton's global electrical product lines, including Cutler-Hammer, ${ }^{\circledR}$ Moeller, ${ }^{\circledR}$ Powerware, ${ }^{\circledR}$ Holec, ${ }^{\circledR}$ MEM, ${ }^{\text {® }}$ Santak, ${ }^{\circledR}$ and MGE Office Protection Systems, ${ }^{\text {TM }}$ provide customer-driven PowerChain Management ${ }^{\circledR}$ solutions to serve the power system needs of the data center, industrial, institutional, government, utility, commercial, residential, and OEM markets worldwide.

PowerChain Management solutions help enterprises achieve sustainable and competitive advantages through proactive management of the power system as a strategic, integrated asset throughout its life cycle. With Eaton's distribution, control, and power quality equipment; full-scale engineering services; and information management systems, the power system is positioned to deliver powerful results: greater reliability, operating cost efficiencies, effective use of capital, enhanced safety, and risk mitigation.
Eaton Corporation
Electrical Sector
1111 Superior Ave.
Cleveland, OH 44114
United States
$877-E T N-C A R E ~(877-386-2273) ~$
Eaton.com
© 2009 Eaton Corporation
All Rights Reserved
Printed in USA
Publication No. MN04001004E / Z8862
June 2009

Eaton Corporation
1111 Superior Ave
Cleveland, OH 44114
United States
(87-CARE (877-386-2273)
© 2009 Eaton Corporation
All Rights Reserved
Publication No. MN04001004E / Z8862
June 2009


ब)
PowerChain
Management ${ }^{*}$
PowerChain Management is a registered trademark of Eaton Corporation.

All other trademarks are property of their respective owners.


[^0]:    (1) All 230 V Drives and 480 V Drives up to $200 \mathrm{hp}\left(\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{H}}\right)$ are only available with Input Option 1.
    (2) 480 V Drives $250 \mathrm{hp}\left(\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{H}}\right)$ or larger are only available with Input Option 2.
    (3) 480V Drives up to $30 \mathrm{hp}\left(\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{H}}\right)$ are only available with Brake Chopper Option B.
    (4) 480 V Drives $40 \mathrm{hp}\left(\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{H}}\right)$ and larger come with Brake Chopper Option N as standard.
    (5) 230 V Drives up to $15 \mathrm{hp}\left(\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{H}}\right)$ are only available with Brake Chopper Option B.
    (6) 230 V Drives $20 \mathrm{hp}\left(\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{H}}\right)$ or larger come with Brake Chopper Option N as standard.
    (7) 480 V Drives $250 \mathrm{hp}, 300 \mathrm{hp}$ and $350 \mathrm{hp}\left(\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{H}}\right)$ are only available with Enclosure Style $\mathbf{0}$ (Chassis).

[^1]:    (1) Menu application dependent.

[^2]:    (1) This parameter number varies for different applications.

[^3]:    (1) Option card must be installed in one of the slots listed for that card. Slot indicated in Bold is the preferred location.

[^4]:    (1) $5 \mathrm{hp} \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{L}}$ only; has no corresponding $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{H}}$ rated hp rating.

[^5]:    (1) $5 \mathrm{hp} \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{L}}$ only; has no corresponding $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{H}}$ rated hp rating.

[^6]:    (1) $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{L}}$ only; has no corresponding $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{H}}$ rated hp rating.
    ${ }^{(2)}$ PP00061 capacitor not included in main fan; please order separately.
    ${ }^{3}$ PP00011 capacitor not included in main fan; please order separately.

[^7]:    I $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{L}}$ only; has no corresponding $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{H}}$ rated hp rating.
    2) For FR9 NEMA Type 12 you need two PP01068 internal fans.

    3 See Table D-9 for details.

[^8]:    (1) Rectifying board not included.

[^9]:    (1) $I_{L}$ only; has no corresponding $I_{H}$ rated hp rating.
    (2) See Table D-9 for details.

[^10]:    (1) Rectifying board not included.
    (2) See Table D-9 for details.

